A REVISED TECHNIQUE FOR FORECASTING HURRICANE MOVEMENT BY STATISTICAL METHODS

BANNER I. MILLER*, ELBERT C. HILL**, and PETER P. CHASE*

*National Hurricane Research Laboratory and **National Hurricane Center, ESSA, Miami, Fla.

ABSTRACT

The NHC-64 statistical equations for predicting the movement of hurricanes have been in operational use for 4 yr. These equations have continued to perform well. Following the 1966 hurricane season, however, it was apparent that the equations could be improved. A new forecast technique, based on additional data and additional predictors, has been derived. Tests on independent data for 1966 and on an operational basis during 1967 indicate that the 1967 method is slightly superior to NHC-64.

1. INTRODUCTION

In a recent paper Miller and Chase [2] described a statistical method for predicting the movement of tropical cyclones. The method (referred to as the NHC-64 system) is capable of preparing forecasts for periods up to 72 hr. (the 48–72 hr. portion of the forecast having been added since the publication of the paper).

For the past 3 yr. the NHC-64 forecasts have been prepared routinely at the National Meteorological Center (NMC) from data obtained from NMC's objective analyses.

Comparison of various hurricane forecast methods by Tracy [3], Miller and Chase [2], and Dunn, Gentry, and Lewis [1] indicated that the NHC-64 technique was the best objective method in operational usage at the end of the 1966 season. The verification data also showed that the accuracy of the forecasts prepared by the NHC-64 equations was comparable to that obtained by the most experienced hurricane forecasters. Dunn, Gentry, and Lewis' data also showed a significant improvement in the accuracy of the official Weather Bureau hurricane forecasts over a 13-vr. period. Figure 1 shows the results of their study for one geographical area. While it is difficult to say with certainty just what caused the improvement in the hurricane forecasts, Dunn et al. attribute it to increased experience on the part of the forecasters, closer cooperation between forecast and research personnel, and to the development of improved objective forecast techniques. It is at least encouraging to note that one of the improvements indicated by the block diagram in figure 1 coincided with the development of improved objective forecast methods.

After 4 yr. of operational use (at the end of the 1967 season), the NHC-64 equations have continued to perform well. However, at the end of the 1966 season, it was apparent that the equations could be improved. After doing well in forecasting the movement of hurricane

Faith (1966) and the first half of Inez (1966), the NHC-64 method did poorly in forecasting the erratic movement of Inez southwestward through the Gulf of Mexico. As a result of this unsatisfactory performance, the data have been reexamined, and a new set of prediction equations have been derived. The screening techniques used in deriving the NHC-67 equations were identical to those used in developing the NHC-64 set and will not be discussed here.

2. DEVELOPMENT DATA AND POSSIBLE PREDICTIONS

The basic data used in development of the prediction equations were the heights of the 1000-, 700-, and 500-mb. surfaces at 120 grid points, as shown in figure 2. The grid system moves with the center of the hurricane, and is the same used in the earlier study by Miller and Chase [2]. Data from hurricanes during the years 1962–1965 were added to the 1945–1961 period used in deriving the NHC-64 equations. Stratification of the data into South Zone and North Zone was continued, with 27.5°N. lat. separating the two zones. The additional dependent data permitted some further stratification of the cases, and this will be discussed in a later section. A total of 460 cases, 224 in the South Zone and 236 in the North Zone, were used in developing the 48-hr. forecast equations.

Several additional predictors were screened in developing the NHC-67 equations. Many of the added predictors were selected. The list of predictors included the following, where the *i*-index refers to the location of the grid point (fig. 2):

 P_i , H_i , and Z_i

1000-, 700-, and 500-mb. heights in meters,

 DP_i , DH_i , and DZ_i

1000-, 700-, and 500-mb. 24-

hr. height changes in meters,

TZH_i, THP_i

700-500- and 1000-700-mb.

thickness in meters.

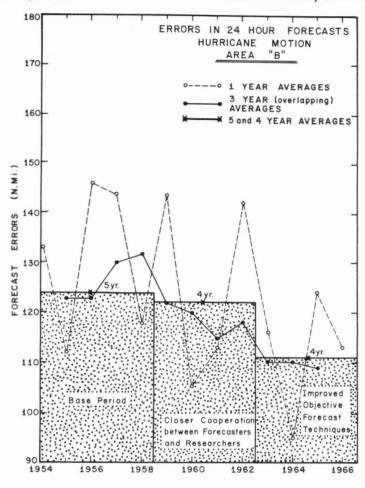


Figure 1.—Average forecast errors for area "B" for a 13-yr. period. Dashed line is yearly average. Solid line is 3-yr. overlapping average. Blocks indicate 5- and 4-yr. averages.

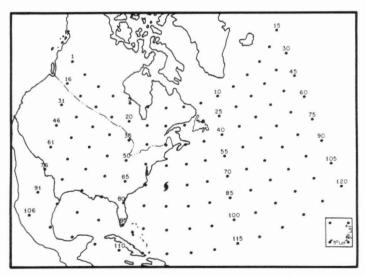


FIGURE 2.—The grid system.

The height changes at the three levels were relative to the center of the hurricane, i.e., the grid moved with the storm.

Geostrophic wind components were computed from the heights at the three levels. These were defined as follows,

Table 1.—Locations of grid points used in computing (a) average height changes, and (b) the u-, and (c) the v-wind components

AVERA	(a) AGE FOR GRID POINTS
CHAN	
\overline{DZ}_0	35, 50, 65, 80
$\overline{DZ_1}$	36, 51, 66, 81
\overline{DZ}_3	39, 54, 69, 84
\overline{DZ}_4	50, 51, 52, 53, 54
\overline{DZ} 5	35, 36, 37, 38, 39
\overline{DZ}_6	5, 20, 35, 50
\overline{DZ}_7	34, 35, 36, 37, 38
\overline{DZ}_8	6, 21, 36, 51, 66
$C\overline{DH}$	$(\overline{DH_3} - \overline{DH_0})$
	(b)
u-WIND COMPO- NENTS (kt.)	CALCULATED FROM AVERAGE HEIGHTS AT GRID POINTS
u_1	(35, 36, 37, 38, 39) - (50, 51, 52, 53, 54)
u_2	(80, 81, 82, 83, 84) - (95, 96, 97, 98, 99)
u_3	(35, 36, 37, 38, 39) - (95, 96, 97, 98, 99)
u_4	(35, 36, 37, 38, 39) - (80, 81, 82, 83, 84)
\underline{u}_6	(20, 21, 22, 23, 24) - (50, 51, 52, 53, 54) $(u_1+u_2)/2$
u	$(u_1+u_2)/2$
	(c)
v-WIND COMPO- NENTS (kt.)	CALCULATED FROM AVERAGE HEIGHTS AT GRID POINTS
v_1	(39, 54, 69, 84, 99) - (35, 50, 65, 80, 95)
v_2	(38, 53, 68, 83, 98) - (36, 51, 66, 81, 96)
v_5	(9, 24, 39, 54, 69) - (5, 20, 35, 50, 65)
v_6	(21, 36, 51, 66, 81) - (18, 33, 48, 63, 78)
v ₇	(26, 41, 56, 71, 86) - (23, 38, 53, 68, 83)
<i>v</i> ₈	(39, 54, 69, 84) - (35, 50, 65, 80)
v_{θ}	(6, 21, 36, 51) - (3, 18, 33, 48)

the j-index referring to the array of points used in making the computations. These arrays are listed in table 1.

compared and	
Pu_j, Pv_j	u- and v-components at the
	1000-mb. level,
Hu_j, Hv_j	u- and v-components at the
	700-mb. level,
Zu_j, Zv_j	u- and v-components at the
	500-mb. level,
$TZHu_j$, $TZHv_u$	thermal winds computed from
	700-500-mb. thickness,
$THPu_j$, $THPv_j$	thermal winds computed from
	the 1000-700-mb. thick-
	ness,
$\overline{DP_k}$, $\overline{DH_k}$, and $\overline{DZ_k}$	are average height changes
10)	at a number of grid points
	at the 1000-, 700-, and 500-
	mb. surfaces. The locations
	of the points are listed in
	table 1.

L is an operator defined as $s^2\nabla^2$, ∇^2 being the horizontal Laplacian operator, and s the distance between grid points. L was applied to heights, height changes, thicknesses, and to \overline{Z}_i , the arithmetical average of the 1000-, 700-, and 500-mb. heights. The i-index refers to the central point used in making the calculation. For example

$$LDP_{22} = (DP_7 + DP_{23} + DP_{37} + DP_{21} - 4DP_{22}).$$

These predictors were included because of their obvious relationship to the geostrophic vorticity and to the vorticity advection. Some of them were selected during the screening process. P_x and P_y are the past 12-hr. movement of the center in nautical miles, with westward and northward being positive.

3. THE REVISED FORECAST EQUATIONS

Equations were derived to forecast the northward and the westward movement of the hurricane center for periods up to 48 hr. in 12-hr. steps as was done in the earlier work. The NHC has an operational requirement to issue 72-hr. forecasts, and equations were derived to make the 48–72 hr. forecast, but the authors feel that these equations are of questionable value, and they will not be discussed here.

The initial stratification of the data continued to be according to latitude, with 27.5°N. (which is in the South Zone) being the dividing line. This stratification is done primarily to make some use of the different climatology of the two zones. It is also dictated by the fact that many of the data for the southern portion of the grid are missing in the South Zone, and stratification permits the use of many more data points in the North Zone than would be possible if all latitudes were screened at once.

The North Zone equations were derived in the following way: An initial screening was done using all available data (236 cases). A preliminary 24-hr. forecast was then prepared, using the dependent data sample. For cases where the initial forecast speed was 7.0 kt. or more (165 cases), the data were screened again to develop a set of fast equations. From those cases where the preliminary forecast was less than 13.0 kt. (165 cases), a set of slow equations was derived. In operational usage, the preliminary equations were applied if the initial forecast was equal to or greater than 7.0 kt., but less than 13.0 kt. The slow equations were used if the initial forecast was less than 7.0 kt., and the fast equations were used if the preliminary equations forecast 13.0 kt. or more. This procedure was adopted on the theory that certain predictors would be selected in different order, or given different weights when used to forecast slow moving and fast moving storms. It was also reasoned that such a stratification would be helpful in forecasting the extreme cases, which statistical methods frequently fail to do. It was also felt that this procedure would result in a crude classification according to synoptic types in a manner similar to the more elaborate scheme proposed by Tse [4] for typhoon forecasting in the Pacific area.

The screening process was terminated when a maximum number of 15 predictors had been selected, or when the F-ratio became less than 1.0. The screening program used, however, writes the regression equations following the selection of each predictor. As a general rule the equation selected for operational testing was the last one which resulted in a reduction of the unexplained variance by 1.0 percent or more, although a few predictors were retained

which resulted in a reduction of variance of less than 1.0 percent. The list of predictors (in the order selected), the forecast equations, the reductions in variance contributed by each predictor, and the residual errors for the three sets of equations are listed in table 2. It will be noted that there are several significant differences in selection of predictors and the contribution each makes to the reduction in variance. For example in the 00-12-hr. west equations, the past motion, P_x , contributes 75.5 percent to the reduction in the fast equations, but only 42.0 percent in the slow set. In the 12-24-hr. north equations \overline{DZ}_0 was selected first in the preliminary and in the fast equations, but in the slow equations PV_6 was the first to be selected. In the 12-24-hr. west equations, HU_3 contributed 63.6 percent to the reduction in variance in the fast set, but only 43.6 percent in the slow set. A careful examination of table 2 will reveal numerous other differences of this nature.

For the South Zone a preliminary set of equations was obtained by screening the 224 available cases. A second screening was also done in an effort to improve the forecasting of the slow, or erratically moving hurricanes, such as Flora (1963), Ginny (1963), Betsy (1965), and Inez (1966). Bases for selection of these cases were: Past motion or preliminary forecast equal to or less than 6.0 kt., DZ_{37} was +10 m. or more, and HV_7 was 0.0 kt. or less. A total of 135 cases fell within this group. The second set has been termed the slow equations, although some hurricanes with predominantly fast westward motion may also be included, as for example when Z_{37} is above normal and rising. The pertinent data for these two sets of equations are listed in table 3. As in the North Zone, there are numerous differences between the two sets of equations. In the 12-24-hr. west preliminary equations Z_{37} was selected first and contributed 64.3 percent to the reduction in variance, while in the slow equation P_x was selected first, contributing 62.7 percent to the reduction in variance. In the 24–36-hr. north equations, DZ_{50} was selected first in the preliminary set, while PV₈ was picked first in the slow set. In the 24–36-hr. west equations, Z_{37} was picked first in the preliminary set, while ZU_4 was first in the slow set, in which Z_{37} was selected eighth. A comparison between the accuracy of the forecasts prepared by the preliminary equations and those prepared by the several optional sets will be presented in a later section.

The earlier paper by Miller and Chase [2] discussed possible physical relationships between the predictors selected by the screening process and predicted tracks. The current study has more or less confirmed the conclusions based on the earlier one, without indicating much additional information concerning the physical interpretation of the results of the screening. For this reason only a brief summary will be repeated here.

Figure 3 shows the location of the 24-hr. height changes selected as predictors. They are listed without regard to level, since changes at the three levels are highly correlated with each other. In the interest of simplicity

 $\textbf{TABLE 2.--The North Zone prediction equations, reductions in variance, and residual errors for (a) 00-12 hr., (b) 12-24 hr., (c) 24-36 hr., and (d) 36-48 hr.$

									<u> </u>									
	(a)								(c)									
NORTH ZONE							NORTH ZONE											
PRELIMINARY FAST			SLOW			PRELIMINARY				FAST		S	SLOW					
Constants	Predictor	r PR		Predicto		Constants	Predicte	or PR	Constants	s Predict	or PR		Predicto		Constants	s Predict	or PR	
+47.493		63.2	+752.8	R. North		-546.44			0077 0			24-36	HR. Nort	th				
+0.50152 +0.26199	$\frac{P_{-}}{C\overline{DH}}$	63. 2 5. 4	+0.48027 -0.51874	$P_{-} \\ DP_{66}$	56. 7 6. 5	+0.42563 $+1.3698$	P_{-} PV_{2}	52. 7	-2075, 2 $-8,5094$	HV_6	33,8	+224.01 -3.0472	$HV_{\mathfrak{b}}$	38.7	-2030.7 $+0.6634$	H_{61}	15.4	
-0.42031	P_{51}	3.0	+0.95792	DP_{97}	3. 2	-0.61958	DZ_{65}	5. 9 3. 6	-1.1624 +0.3691	$\overline{DZ_0} \ H_{61}$	13.7	-1.8392	$\overline{HZ_0}$	9.2	-0.50297	\overline{DZ}_0	15.0	
+0.29121 +0.17566	$P_{49} \ DZ_{22}$	1.9 1.6	+0.12487 $+0.32960$	$C\overline{DH} \ Z_{62}$	2.8	+0.59878 +0.10192	$rac{DP_{85}}{Z_1}$	3,4	+0.3091 +0.41826	P_{56}	6.8 2.2	+1.0738 -0.41565	$H_{61} \ Z_{51}$	8. 5 3. 3	+0.5006 -4.9870	$P_{56} \ PV_{6}$	8. 2 7. 2	
+0.77655	DP_{97}	1.7	-0.32900	Z_{66}	3.3	+0.10192 $+0.52686$	DP_{97}	1.9 1.8	-0.73599 +0.89164	$Z_{51} \ Z_{62}$	2.5	+0.24147 $+0.13821$	P_{43}	2. 2	+0.84256	THP_{81}	2.9	
-0.31470 +2.9216	DZ_{65} PV_2	1.0	+0.63488 $+1.9198$	$rac{DP_{85}}{Z\overline{ ext{C}}}$	1.7	-0.37467 +0.14583	$DZ_{66} \ DZ_{22}$	1.6 1.6	+5.3173	ZV_6	2.9 2.3	+0.13821 $+0.65939$	$Z_1 \ DH_{48}$	1.6 1.3	-0.96615 -1.1273	$rac{TZH_{50}}{DP_0}$	2.8 2.0	
+0.58470	DP_{85}	1.1	-0.41479	$\frac{ZC}{DZ_0}$	1.5	+0.14585 $+0.096292$	LDP_{22}	1.5	-0.092888 +0.13974	$DZ_{11} \ DZ_{22}$	1.2	-0.14381 +0.76924	$DZ_{11} \ TZP_{61}$	1.3 1.3	+0.37032 $+0.16761$	$DP_{37} \ Z_1$	2.3	
-0.43820	\overline{DZ}_1	1.0	-0.25778	H_{51}	.7	+1.5978	ZV_2	. 9	+0.10074	10 2122	. /	+0.77871	4 P_{103}	1.2	-0.16867	Z_{32}	1.8	
	al P R idual Erro	81.1 r 32.5		al P R idual Error	79.6		l P R dual Erro	74.9				-0.8931 -0.22045	H_{97} Z_{32}	1.5	-0.10078 -2.9093	$DZ_{12} \ HU_3$	1.6 1.6	
1000	iddai 33110	1 02.0			01,0	Ttesi	duai Eiro	1 23.0	33.55	PR		Total	PR	_ 71.1	Total	PR	62.4	
00-12 H R. West -44.713 -11.619					-648.74			Residual Error_ 62.6 Residual Error_ 59.0 Residual Erro					ual Error.	47.0				
+0.57627	P°	73.0	+0.59729	P°	75.6	+0.63028 P° 42.0			+1055.6			+2079.0	24-36 HR. West			1.04.097		
+0.19092 $+3.2734$	$DZ_{37} \ H{ m C}_{5}$	7. 2 1. 8	+0.15077 -0.29446	$DZ_{37} \ L\overline{Z}_{59}$	6. 0 2. 0	+0.20609 $+4.8303$	$DZ_{37} \ HC_5$	28. 0 2. 6	+1055.6 $+10.974$	HU_3	44.6	+2079.0 $+14.23$	HU_3	44.8	+84.937 $+2.5492$	HU_3	27.6	
-1.0562	DP_{97}	1.3	-0.98755	DP_{97}	1.7	-2.1141	$Z\overline{\mathbb{C}}$	1.3	-0.85890 -0.31978	H_{61} P_y	6.8 5.3	-1.1053 -0.61087	$H_{69} \ DP_{100}$	6.3 2.9	+0.086081 -0.12757	$\overline{DZ_5} \ Z_1$	10. 2 6. 0	
+0.38602 +0.33094	$DZ_{53} \ P_{53}$	1.4	+3.9767 +0.5331	$HC_3 \ DZ_{52}$	1.1	+1.353 +0.35494	$ZV_6 \ DP_{63}$	1. 2 1. 6	+0.25335	H_{27}	2.8	+0.83199	$\frac{DP}{DP_4}$	3.3	+0.79196	TZH_{21}	4.0	
			-0.33286	DZ_{66}	. 7	-0.57743	DP_{97}	1.5	-1.5016 $+1.1483$	$\frac{DP_{85}}{DP_1}$	2.4 3.3	-1.4886 -0.92543	$DP_{85} \ H_{61}$	2.0	+0.13829 +0.85164	$\frac{DZ_{12}}{DP_5}$	4. 1 4. 0	
						+0.22279 +0.28113	$TZH_{21} P_{53}$	1.2	-0.41766	$L\overline{Z}_{22}$	1.3	+0.27427	H_{27}	2. 1	-0.7660	H_{85}	2.5	
	al P R idual Erro	85.5		al P R	88.0		l P R	80.2	-5.9910	$P\overline{U}$	1.7	+1.1053 -0.20585	$rac{H_{96}}{LZ_{34}}$	2. 2 1. 2	-0.27176 -0.65989	$Z_{32} \ DP_{100}$	2. 2 1. 3	
1,65	iddai Eiro	1 30.0	Resi	dual Error	37.0	Resi	dual Erro	r 30.0				+1.0003	DP_{66}	1.3	+0.26415	P_{49}	1.8	
									+0.84567 +0.28050	P_{49} TZH_5	1.4 1.4	-0.82909 +0.74772	$DH_{65} \ DH_{99}$	1.1	+0.41592 $+0.76822$	$P_{56} \ H_{36}$	1.4 2.0	
									Total	PR	71.0	Total	PR	- 70.1	Total	PR	67.1	
									Resid	lual Erro	1. 01.8	Resid	ual Error.	- 70. 1	Resid	lual Error.	55.0	
									İ		***************************************						-	
				(b)									(d)					
DDF	T TMTNI A T) V	NORT	H ZONE								NORT	H ZONE					
	LIMINAF		NORT	H ZONE	, DD		LOW	DD		LIMINA		NORT	H ZONE FAST	- DD		SLOW		
PREI			NORT	H ZONE FAST Predicto		S Constants		or PR	PREI Constants			NORT	H ZONE FAST Predicto		S Constants		or PR	
Constants			NORT Constants 12-24	H ZONE		Constants		or PR	Constants			NORT Constants 36-48	H ZONE FAST		Constants		or PR	
Constants -815.81 -0.92343	s Predicto $\overline{DZ_0}$	r PR 37.8	NORT Constants 12-24 -901.76 -0.98261	H ZONE FAST Predicto HR. Nort	34. 7	Constants -59.174 +5.2997	Predicto PV_2	20. 9	-3441.7 -1.2968	Predicto HV_6	or PR 34.0	NORT Constants 36-48 -3940.8 -2.2079	H ZONE FAST Predicto HR. Nort HV_6	37. 1	Constants -1494. 2 -6. 5677	Predicto PV_6	23.0	
Constants	s Predicto $egin{array}{c} \overline{DZ_0} \ Z_{62} \end{array}$	37.8 9.8	NORT Constants 12-24 -901.76 -0.98261 +0.28125	H ZONE FAST Predicto HR. Nort $\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{61}	34. 7 12. 1	Constants -59.174 +5.2997 -0.45131	Predicto PV_2 DZ_{65}	20. 9 12. 5	-3441.7 -1.2968 +0.75930	Predicto HV_6 H_{61}	34.0 6.0	NORT Constants 36-48 -3940.8 -2.2079 +0.42869	H ZONE FAST Predicto HR. Nort HV_6 H_{61}	37. 1 6. 2	Constants -1494. 2 -6. 5677 +0. 27363	$PV_6 \ THP_{61}$	23. 0 12. 7	
-815. 81 -0. 92343 +0. 82225 -0. 83429 +4. 1589	$\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{62} Z_{51} HV_1	37.8 9.8 9.3 6.5	NORT Constants 12-24 -901. 76 -0. 98261 +0. 28125 -0. 97737 +3. 635	H ZONE FAST Predicto HR. Nort $\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{61} Z_{51} ZU_3	34. 7 12. 1 10. 2 5. 4	-59.174 +5.2997 -0.45131 +0.2816 +2.574	PV_2 DZ_{65} P_y PV_7	20. 9 12. 5 6. 6 4. 5	-3441.7 -1.2968 +0.75930 -1.1059 -0.21306	HV_6 H_{61} DZ_0 Z_{32}	34.0 6.0 5.7 2.7	NORT Constants 36-48 -3940.8 -2.2079 +0.42869 -0.57348 -7.3692	H ZONE FAST Predicto HR. Nort HV_6 H_{61} DH_{35} PV_6	37. 1 6. 2 4. 6 1. 9	-1494.2 -6.5677 +0.27363 +0.41244 -0.8197	PV_6 THP_{61} P_{56} DZ_0	23. 0 12. 7 6. 7 3. 8	
-815.81 -0.92343 +0.82225 -0.83429	$\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{62} Z_{51}	7 PR 37.8 9.8 9.3	NORT Constants 12-24 -901. 76 -0. 98261 +0. 28125 -0. 97737	PH ZONE FAST Predicto HR. Nort $\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{61} Z_{51} ZU_3 Z_{85}	34. 7 12. 1 10. 2 5. 4 4. 2	Constants -59. 174 +5. 2997 -0. 45131 +0. 2816 +2. 574 +0. 46533	PV_2 DZ_{65} P_y PV_7 H_{63}	20. 9 12. 5 6. 6 4. 5 3. 4	-3441.7 -1.2968 +0.75930 -1.1059 -0.21306 +0.14115	HV_6 H_{61} DZ_0 Z_{32} Z_1	34.0 6.0 5.7 2.7 2.0	NORT Constants 36-48 -3940.8 -2.2079 +0.42869 -0.57348 -7.3692 +0.13857	H ZONE FAST Predicto HR. Nort HV_6 H_{61} DH_{35} PV_6 LDZ_{37}	37. 1 6. 2 4. 6 1. 9 1. 6	Constants -1494. 2 -6. 5677 +0. 27363 +0. 41244 -0. 8197 +0. 66174	PV_6 THP_{61} P_{56} DZ_0 H_{63}	23. 0 12. 7 6. 7 3. 8 2. 6	
-815.81 -0.92343 +0.82225 -0.83429 +4.1589 -0.10116 +0.39802 +0.32614	$\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{62} Z_{51} HV_1 DZ_{12} H_{72} TZH_{21}	37.8 9.8 9.3 6.5 2.6 1.8 1.1	Constants 12-24 -901.76 -0.98261 +0.28125 -0.97737 +3.635 +0.38312 +0.12775 +0.9072	FAST Predicto HR. Nort $\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{61} Z_{51} Z_{02} Z_{03} Z_{04} Z_{04} Z_{05} Z_{04} Z_{05} Z_{04} Z_{05} Z_{05} Z_{04} Z_{05} Z_{0	34.7 12.1 10.2 5.4 4.2 2.5 1.7	-59.174 +5.2997 -0.45131 +0.2816 +2.574 +0.46533 +0.33777 -0.17088	PV_2 DZ_{65} P_y PV_7 H_{63} DZ_{22} H_7	20. 9 12. 5 6. 6 4. 5 3. 4 3. 2 4. 1	-3441.7 -1.2968 +0.75930 -1.1059 -0.21306 +0.14115 +0.72878 -4.9977	HV_6 H_{61} DZ_0 Z_{32} Z_1 H_{63} PV_6	34.0 6.0 5.7 2.7 2.0 1.2	NORT Constants 36-48 -3940.8 -2.2079 +0.42869 -0.57348 -7.3692 +0.13857 +0.29366 +0.75892	H ZONE FAST Predicto HR. Nort HV_6 H_{61} DH_{35} PV_6 LDZ_{37} P_{43} H_{85}	37. 1 6. 2 4. 6 1. 9 1. 6 2. 1 1. 1	Constants -1494. 2 -6. 5677 +0. 27363 +0. 41244 -0. 8197 +0. 66174 -0. 33875 +3. 0312	PV_6 THP_{61} P_{56} DZ_0 H_{63} THP_6 PV_5	23. 0 12. 7 6. 7 3. 8 2. 6 2. 6 1. 9	
-815.81 -0.92343 +0.82225 -0.83429 +4.1589 -0.10116 +0.39802	$\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{62} Z_{51} HV_1 DZ_{12} H_{72}	37.8 9.8 9.3 6.5 2.6 1.8	Constants 12-24 -901. 76 -0. 98261 +0. 28125 -0. 97737 +3. 635 +0. 38312 +0. 12775	H ZONE FAST Predicto HR. Nort $\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{61} Z_{51} ZU_3 Z_{85} Z_1	34. 7 12. 1 10. 2 5. 4 4. 2 2. 5	Constants -59.174 +5.2997 -0.45131 +0.2816 +2.574 +0.46533 +0.33777	PV_2 DZ_{65} P_y PV_7 H_{63} DZ_{22}	20. 9 12. 5 6. 6 4. 5 3. 4 3. 2 4. 1 2. 6	-3441.7 -1.2968 +0.75930 -1.1059 -0.21306 +0.14115 +0.72878	HV_6 H_{61} DZ_0 Z_{32} Z_1 H_{63}	34.0 6.0 5.7 2.7 2.0 1.2	Constants 36-48 -3940.8 -2.2079 +0.42869 -0.57348 -7.3692 +0.13857 +0.29366	H ZONE FAST Predicto HR. Nort HV_6 H_{61} DH_{35} PV_6 LDZ_{37} P_{43}	37. 1 6. 2 4. 6 1. 9 1. 6 2. 1 1. 1	Constants -1494. 2 -6. 5677 +0. 27363 +0. 41244 -0. 8197 +0. 66174 -0. 33875	PV_6 THP_{61} P_{56} $\overline{DZ_0}$ H_{63} THP_6	23. 0 12. 7 6. 7 3. 8 2. 6 2. 6	
-815.81 -0.92343 +0.82225 -0.83429 +4.1589 -0.10116 +0.39802 +0.32614 -0.11885	$\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{62} Z_{51} HV_1 DZ_{12} H_{72} TZH_{21} LTH_{37}	37.8 9.8 9.3 6.5 2.6 1.8 1.1	NORT Constants 12-24 -901. 76 -0. 98261 +0. 28125 -0. 9737 +3. 635 +0. 38312 +0. 12775 +0. 9072 +0. 35485 -0. 10522 +0. 21671	H ZONE FAST Predicto HR. Nort $ \overline{DZ_0} Z_{51} Z_{51} Z_{51} Z_{85} Z_{1} DP_{97} Z_{62} DZ_{11} DZ_{23}$	34. 7 12. 1 10. 2 5. 4 4. 2 2. 5 1. 7 1. 0 1. 1	-59. 174 +5. 2997 -0. 45131 +0. 2816 +2. 574 +0. 46533 +0. 33777 -0. 17088 +0. 12937 +0. 74399 -0. 68974	PV_{2} DZ_{65} P_{y} PV_{7} H_{63} DZ_{22} H_{7} Z_{1} DP_{97} DH_{0}	20. 9 12. 5 6. 6 4. 5 3. 4 3. 2 4. 1 2. 6 2. 3 2. 5	-3441. 7 -1. 2968 +0. 75930 -1. 1059 -0. 21306 +0. 14115 +0. 72878 -4. 9977 +3. 2903 +0. 14843 +0. 22816	HV_6 H_{61} DZ_0 Z_{22} Z_1 H_{63} PV_6 PV_7 LDZ_{37} DZ_{22}	34.0 6.0 5.7 2.7 2.0 1.2 1.5 1.2	NORT Constants 36-48 -3940.8 -2.2079 +0.42869 -0.57348 -7.3692 +0.13857 +0.29366 +0.75892 -0.77482	H ZONE FAST Predicto HR. Nort HV_6 H_{61} DH_{35} PV_6 LDZ_{37} P_{43} H_{85} P_{83}	37. 1 6. 2 4. 6 1. 9 1. 6 2. 1 1. 1	Constants -1494. 2 -6. 5677 +0. 2763 +0. 41244 -0. 8197 +0. 66174 -0. 33875 +3. 0312 -1. 2411 +0. 21064 -9. 6185	PV_{6} THP_{61} P_{56} DZ_{0} H_{63} THP_{6} PV_{5} TZH_{50} Z_{1} $TZHV_{1}$	23. 0 12. 7 6. 7 3. 8 2. 6 2. 6 1. 9 1. 3 2. 2 1. 9	
Constants -815.81 -0.92343 +0.82225 -0.83429 +4.1589 -0.10116 +0.39802 +0.32614 -0.11885 +0.10818 +0.56045	$\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{62} Z_{51} HV_1 DZ_1 Z_{72} Z_{73} Z_{74} Z_{7	37.8 9.8 9.3 6.5 2.6 1.8 1.1 1.3	NORT Constants 12-24 -901.76 -0.98261 +0.28125 -0.97737 +3.635 +0.38312 +0.12775 +0.9072 +0.35485 -0.10522 +0.21671 +2.5399 -0.3918	FAST Predicto HR. Nort $\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{61} Z_{51} ZU_3 Z_{85} Z_1 DP_{97} Z_{62} DZ_{11} DZ_{23} PV_7 DZ_{53}	34. 7 12. 1 10. 2 5. 4 4. 2 2. 5 1. 7 1. 0 1. 1 1. 0	Constants -59.174 +5.2997 -0.45131 +0.2816 +2.574 +0.46533 +0.33777 -0.17088 +0.12937 +0.74399	PV_2 DZ_{65} P_y PV_7 H_{63} DZ_{22} H_7 Z_1 DP_{47}	20. 9 12. 5 6. 6 4. 5 3. 4 3. 2 4. 1 2. 6 2. 3	-3441.7 -1.2968 +0.75930 -1.1059 -0.21306 +0.14115 +0.72878 -4.9977 +3.2903 +0.14843	HV_6 H_{61} DZ_0 Z_{32} Z_1 H_{63} PV_6 PV_7 LDZ_{37}	34.0 6.0 5.7 2.7 2.0 1.2 1.5 1.2	NORT Constants 36-48 -3940.8 -2.2079 +0.42869 -0.57348 -7.3692 +0.13857 +0.29366 +0.75892 -0.77482 -0.6216	H ZONE FAST Predicto HR. Nort HV6 H61 DH35 PV6 LDZ37 P13 H85 P83 TZH50	37. 1 6. 2 4. 6 1. 9 1. 6 2. 1 1. 1 1. 2	Constants -1494. 2 -6. 5677 +0. 27363 +0. 41244 -0. 8197 +0. 66174 -0. 33875 +3. 0312 -1. 2411 +0. 21064	PV_6 THP_{61} P_{56} DZ_0 H_{63} THP_6 PV_5 TZH_{50} Z_1	23. 0 12. 7 6. 7 3. 8 2. 6 2. 6 1. 9 1. 3 2. 2	
-815.81 -0.92343 +0.82225 -0.83429 +4.1589 -0.10116 +0.39802 +0.32614 -0.11885 +0.10818 +0.56045	\overline{DZ_0}{DZ_0}{Z_{62}}{Z_{51}}{HV_1}{DZ_{12}}{HT_2}{HT_2}{DZ_2}{DP_{67}}	37.8 9.8 9.3 6.5 2.6 1.8 1.1 1.3 .9	NORT Constants 12-24 -901.76 -0.98261 +0.28125 -0.97737 +3.635 +0.38312 +0.12775 +0.9072 +0.35485 -0.10522 +0.21671 +2.5399 -0.3918 Total	H ZONE FAST Predicto HR. Nort $\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{01} Z_{01} Z_{01} Z_{02} Z_{0	34. 7 12. 1 10. 2 5. 4 4. 2 2. 5 1. 7 1. 0 1. 1 1. 0 1. 1 1. 4	-59.174 +5.2997 -0.45131 +0.2816 +2.574 +0.46533 +0.33777 -0.17088 +0.12937 +0.74399 -0.68974 -0.59106 -0.34443 Total	PV_{2} DZ_{65} P_{y} PV_{7} H_{63} DZ_{22} H_{1} Z_{1} DP_{67} DH_{50} TZH_{50} DZ_{68} PR	20. 9 12. 5 6. 6 4. 5 3. 4 3. 2 4. 1 2. 6 2. 3 2. 5 2. 2 1. 4	Constants -3441.7 -1.2968 +0.75930 -1.1059 -0.21306 +0.14115 +0.72878 -4.9977 +3.2903 +0.14843 +0.22816 -0.24354 Total	HV_6 H_{61} DZ_0 Z_{32} Z_1 H_{63} PV_6 PV_7 LDZ_{37} DZ_{22} THP_6	34.0 6.0 5.7 2.7 2.0 1.2 1.5 1.2 .8	NORT Constants 36-48 -3940.8 -2.2079 +0.42869 -0.57348 -7.3692 +0.13857 +0.29366 +0.775892 -0.77482 -0.6216 +0.63618 Total	H ZONE Predicto HR. Nort HV6 H61 DH35 PV6 LDZ37 P43 H85 P83 TZH50 H63	37. 1 6. 2 4. 6 1. 9 1. 6 2. 1 1. 1 1. 2 .8 1. 4	Constants -1494. 2 -6. 5677 +0. 27363 +0. 41244 -0. 8197 +0. 66174 -0. 33875 +3. 0312 -1. 2411 +0. 21064 -9. 6185 +0. 48465 -0. 19113 Total	$\begin{array}{c} PV_{6} \\ THP_{61} \\ PS_{6} \\ \overline{DZ_{0}} \\ H_{63} \\ THP_{6} \\ PV_{5} \\ TZH_{50} \\ Z_{1} \\ TZHV_{1} \\ Z_{61} \\ Z_{32} \\ PR. \end{array}$	23. 0 12. 7 6. 7 3. 8 2. 6 1. 9 1. 3 2. 2 1. 9 1. 6 1. 3	
-815.81 -0.92343 +0.82225 -0.83429 +4.1589 -0.10116 +0.39802 +0.32614 -0.11885 +0.10818 +0.56045	$\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{62} Z_{51} HV_1 DZ_1 Z_{72} Z_{73} Z_{74} Z_{7	37.8 9.8 9.3 6.5 2.6 1.8 1.1 1.3 .9	NORT Constants 12-24 -901.76 -0.98261 +0.28125 -0.97737 +3.635 +0.38312 +0.12775 +0.9072 +0.35485 -0.10522 +0.21671 +2.5399 -0.3918 Total	FAST Predicto HR. Nort $\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{61} Z_{51} ZU_3 Z_{85} Z_1 DP_{97} Z_{62} DZ_{11} DZ_{23} PV_7 DZ_{53}	34. 7 12. 1 10. 2 5. 4 4. 2 2. 5 1. 7 1. 0 1. 1 1. 0 1. 1 1. 4 - 76. 4 - 43. 5	-59.174 +5.2997 -0.45131 +0.2816 +2.574 +0.46533 +0.33777 -0.17088 +0.12937 +0.74399 -0.68974 -0.59106 -0.34443 Total	$PV_{2} \\ DZ_{65} \\ P_{y} \\ PV_{7} \\ H_{63} \\ DZ_{22} \\ H_{7} \\ Z_{1} \\ DP_{97} \\ \overline{DH}_{0} \\ TZH_{50} \\ DZ_{66}$	20. 9 12. 5 6. 6 4. 5 3. 4 3. 2 4. 1 2. 6 2. 3 2. 5 2. 2 1. 4	Constants -3441.7 -1.2968 +0.75930 -1.1059 -0.21306 +0.14115 +0.72878 -4.9977 +3.2903 +0.14843 +0.22816 -0.24354 Total	HV_6 H_{61} DZ_0 Z_{52} Z_1 H_{63} PV_6 PV_7 LDZ_{57} DZ_{22} THP_6	34.0 6.0 5.7 2.7 2.0 1.2 1.5 1.2 .8	NORT Constants 36-48 -3940.8 -2.2079 +0.42869 -0.57348 -7.3692 +0.13857 +0.29366 +0.75892 -0.77482 -0.6216 +0.63618 Total Resid	H ZONE Predicto Predicto HR. Nort HV6 H61 DH35 PV6 LDZ37 P43 H85 P83 TZH50 H63	37. 1 6. 2 4. 6 1. 9 1. 6 2. 1 1. 1 1. 2 .8 1. 4	Constants -1494. 2 -6. 5677 +0. 27363 +0. 41244 -0. 8197 +0. 66174 -0. 33875 +3. 0312 -1. 2411 +0. 21064 -9. 6185 +0. 48465 -0. 19113 Total	$PV_{6} \\ THP_{61} \\ PV_{6} \\ DZ_{0} \\ H_{63} \\ THP_{6} \\ PV_{5} \\ TZH_{50} \\ Z_{1} \\ TZHV_{1} \\ Z_{61} \\ Z_{32}$	23. 0 12. 7 6. 7 3. 8 2. 6 1. 9 1. 3 2. 2 1. 9 1. 6 1. 3	
-815.81 -0.92343 +0.82225 -0.83429 +4.1589 -0.10116 +0.39802 +0.32614 -0.11885 +0.10818 +0.56045 Total Resid	$\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{42} Z_{51} HV_1 DZ_{12} H_{72} TZH_{21} LTH_{37} DZ_2 DP_{y7}	37.8 9.8 9.3 6.5 2.6 1.1 1.3 .9 .9	NORT Constants 12-24 -901. 76 -0. 98261 +0. 28125 -0. 97737 +3. 635 +0. 38312 +0. 12775 +0. 9072 +0. 35485 -0. 10522 +0. 21671 +2. 5399 -0. 3918 Total Resid 12-24 +3761. 8	H ZONE FAST Predicto HR. Nort $\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{61} Z_{51} Z_{85} Z_{1} DP_{97} Z_{62} DZ_{11} DZ_{23} PV_{7} DZ_{53} PR. ual Error.	34. 7 12. 1 10. 2 5. 4 4. 2 2. 5 1. 7 1. 0 1. 1 1. 0 1. 1 1. 4 - 76. 4 - 43. 5	-59.174 +5.2997 -0.45131 +0.2816 +2.574 +0.46533 +0.33777 -0.17088 +0.12937 +0.74399 -0.68974 -0.59106 -0.34443 Total	PV_{2} DZ_{65} P_{y} PV_{7} H_{63} DZ_{22} H_{1} Z_{1} DP_{67} DH_{50} TZH_{50} DZ_{68} PR	20. 9 12. 5 6. 6 4. 5 3. 4 3. 2 4. 1 2. 6 2. 3 2. 5 2. 2 1. 4	Constants -3441.7 -1.2968 +0.75930 -1.1059 -0.21306 +0.14115 +0.72878 -4.9977 +3.2903 +0.14843 +0.22816 -0.24354 Total	HV_6 H_{61} DZ_0 Z_{32} Z_1 H_{63} PV_6 PV_7 LDZ_{37} DZ_{22} THP_6	34.0 6.0 5.7 2.7 2.0 1.2 1.5 1.2 .8	NORT Constants 36-48 -3940.8 -2.2079 +0.42869 -0.57348 -7.3692 +0.13857 +0.29366 +0.75892 -0.77482 -0.6216 +0.63618 Total Resid	H ZONE Predicto HR. Nort HV6 H61 DH35 PV6 LDZ37 H85 P83 TZH30 H63 PRual Error.	37. 1 6. 2 4. 6 1. 9 1. 6 2. 1 1. 1 1. 2 .8 1. 4	Constants -1494. 2 -6. 5677 +0. 27363 +0. 41244 -0. 8197 +0. 66174 -0. 33875 +3. 0312 -1. 2411 +0. 21064 -9. 6185 +0. 48465 -0. 19113 Total	$\begin{array}{c} PV_{6} \\ THP_{61} \\ PS_{6} \\ \overline{DZ_{0}} \\ H_{63} \\ THP_{6} \\ PV_{5} \\ TZH_{50} \\ Z_{1} \\ TZHV_{1} \\ Z_{61} \\ Z_{32} \\ PR. \end{array}$	23. 0 12. 7 6. 7 3. 8 2. 6 2. 6 1. 9 1. 3 2. 2 1. 9 1. 6 1. 3	
-815.81 -0.92343 +0.82225 -0.83429 +4.1589 -0.10116 +0.39802 +0.1885 +0.10818 +0.56045 Total Resident	$\overline{DZ_0}$ $\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{62} Z_{51} HV_1 DZ_{12} H_7 TZH_{21} LTH_{37} DZ_2 DP_{67} PR	37.8 9.8 9.3 6.5 2.6 1.1 1.3 .9 .9	NORT Constants 12-24 -901. 76 -0. 98261 +0. 28125 -0. 97737 +3. 635 +0. 38312 +0. 12775 +0. 9072 +0. 35485 -0. 10522 +0. 21671 +2. 5399 -0. 3918 Total Resid 12-24 +3761. 8 +11. 239	FAST Predicto HR. Nort $\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{62} Z_{62} Z_{62} Z_{62} Z_{63} Z_{64} Z_{65} $Z_{$	34. 7 12. 1 10. 2 5. 4 4. 2 2. 5 1. 7 1. 0 1. 1 1. 0 1. 1 1. 4 43. 5	Constants -59.174 +5.2997 -0.45131 +0.2816 +2.574 +0.46533 +0.33777 -0.17088 +0.12937 +0.74399 -0.68974 -0.59106 -0.34443	PV_2 DZ_{65} P_y PV_7 H_{63} DZ_{22} H_7 DI_9 TZH_{50} DZ_{65} PR ual Error.	20. 9 12. 5 6. 6 4. 5 3. 4 3. 2 4. 1 2. 6 2. 3 2. 5 2. 2 1. 4 66. 2 36. 3	-3441.7 -1.2968 +0.75930 -1.1059 -0.21306 +0.14115 +0.72878 -4.9977 +3.2903 +0.14843 +0.22816 -0.24354 Total Resid +4580.9 +12.492	HV_6 H_{61} DZ_0 Z_{32} Z_1 H_{63} PV_6 PV_7 LDZ_{37} DZ_{22} THP_6 PR	34.0 6.0 5.7 2.7 2.0 1.2 1.5 1.2 .8 .9	Constants 36-48 -3940.8 -2.2079 +0.42869 -0.57348 -7.3692 +0.13857 +0.29366 +0.75892 -0.77482 -0.6216 +0.63618 Total Resid 36-48 +7941.5 +10.915	H ZONE FAST Predicto HR. Nort HV6 H61 DH35 PV6 LDZ37 P43 H85 P83 TZH50 H63 PR PR	37. 1 6. 2 4. 6 1. 9 1. 6 2. 1 1. 1 1. 2 .8 1. 4	Constants -1494. 2 -6. 5677 +0. 27363 +0. 41244 -0. 8197 +0. 66174 -0. 33875 +3. 0312 -1. 2411 +0. 21064 -9. 6185 +0. 48465 -0. 19113 Resid +2259. 1 +0. 50384	$\begin{array}{c} PV_6 \\ THP_{61} \\ \overline{DZ_0} \\ H_{63} \\ THP_6 \\ PV_5 \\ TZH_{50} \\ Z_1 \\ TZHV_1 \\ Z_{61} \\ Z_{32} \\ PR_{} \\ ual \ Error_{} \\ \overline{DH_5} \end{array}$	23. 0 12. 7 6. 7 3. 8 2. 6 2. 6 1. 9 1. 3 2. 2 1. 9 1. 6 1. 3 - 61. 6	
-815.81 -0.92343 +0.82225 -0.83429 +4.1589 -0.10116 +0.39802 +0.32614 -0.11885 +0.10818 +0.56045 Total Resid	$\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{62} Z_{51} HV_1 DZ_{12} H_{12} TZH_{21} LTH_{37} DZ_2 DP_{V7} I PRlual Error	37.8 9.8 9.3 6.5 2.6 1.8 1.1 1.3 .9 2 72.0 47.7	NORT Constants 12-24 -901.76 -0.98261 +0.28125 -0.97737 +3.635 +0.38312 +0.12775 +0.9072 +0.35485 -0.10522 +0.21671 +2.5399 -0.3918 Total Resid 12-24 +3761.8 +11.239 -0.96613 -0.47711 -0.96613 -0.96613 -0.47711 -0.96613 -0.47711 -0.96613 -0.47711 -0.96613 -0.47711 -0.96613 -0.47711 -0.96613 -0.47711 -0.96613 -0.47711 -0.96613 -0	H ZONE FAST Predicto HR. Nort $\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_0	34. 7 12. 1 10. 2 5. 4 4. 2 2. 5 1. 7 1. 0 1. 1 1. 4 76. 4 43. 5	-59.174 +5.2997 -0.45131 +0.2816 +2.574 +0.46533 +0.3777 -0.17088 +0.12937 +0.74399 -0.68910 -0.34443 Total Residi	Predictor PV_2 DZ_{65} P_y PV_7 H_{63} DZ_{22} H_7 Z_1 DP_{97} \overline{DH}_0 TZH_{50} DZ_{66} PR ual Error.	20. 9 12. 5 6. 6 4. 5 3. 4 4. 1 2. 6 2. 3 2. 5 2. 2 1. 4 66. 2 - 36. 3	Constants -3441.7 -1.2968 +0.75930 -1.1059 -0.21306 +0.14115 +0.72878 -4.9977 +3.2903 +0.14843 +0.22816 -0.24354 Total Resid	HV_6 H_{01} DZ_0 Z_{32} Z_1 H_{63} PV_6 PV_7 LDZ_{37} DZ_{22} THP_6 PR ual Error	34.0 6.0 5.7 2.7 2.0 1.2 1.5 1.2 .8 .9	NORT Constants 36-48 -3940.8 -2.2079 +0.42869 -0.57348 -7.3692 +0.13857 +0.29366 +0.75892 -0.77482 -0.6216 +0.63618 Total Resid 36-48 +7941.5	H ZONE Predicto HR. Nort HV6 H61 DH35 PV6 LDZ37 H85 P83 TZH50 H63 PR. ual Error. HR. West	37. 1 6. 2 4. 6 1. 9 1. 6 2. 1 1. 1 1. 2 .8 1. 4	Constants -1494. 2 -6. 5677 +0. 27363 +0. 41244 -0. 8197 +0. 66174 -0. 33875 +3. 0312 -1. 2411 +0. 21064 -9. 6185 +0. 48465 -0. 19113	PV_6 THP_{61} PV_6 DZ_0 H_{63} THP_6 PV_5 TZH_{50} Z_1 $TZHV_1$ Z_{61} Z_{32} PR ual Error	23. 0 12. 7 6. 7 3. 8 2. 6 2. 6 1. 9 1. 3 2. 2 1. 9 1. 6 1. 3 61. 6	
-815.81 -0.92343 +0.82225 -0.83429 +4.1589 -0.10116 +0.39802 +0.32614 -0.11885 +0.10818 +0.56045 Total Resid	$\overline{DZ_0}$ $\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{62} Z_{51} HV_1 DZ_{12} H_{72} H_{72} LTH_{37} DZ_2 DP_{97} PR HU_3 Z_{61} DP_{100} DZ_{52}	37.8 9.8 9.3 6.5 2.6 1.1 1.3 .9 .9 - 72.0 - 47.7	NORT 12-24 -901. 76 -0. 98261 +0. 28125 -0. 97737 +3. 635 +0. 38312 +0. 12775 +0. 9072 +0. 35485 -0. 10522 +0. 21671 +2. 5399 -0. 3918	H ZONE FAST Predicto HR. Nort $ \overline{DZ_0} Z_0 Z_0 Z_0 Z_0 Z_0 Z_0 Z_0 Z_0 Z_0 Z_0$	34. 7 12. 1 10. 2 5. 4 4. 2 2. 5 1. 7 1. 0 1. 1 1. 0 1. 1 1. 4 - 76. 4 43. 5	Constants -59. 174 +5. 2997 -0. 45131 +0. 2816 +2. 574 +0. 46533 +0. 33777 -0. 17088 +0. 12937 +0. 74399 -0. 68974 -0. 59106 -0. 34443	Predictor PV_2 DZ_{65} P_y PV_7 H_{63} DZ_{22} H_7 Z_1 DP_{97} DH_0 DZ_{66} PR ual Error. HU_3 DZ_{37} P_x ZV_1	20. 9 12. 5 6. 6 4. 5 3. 4 4. 1 2. 6 2. 3 2. 5 2. 2 1. 4 66. 2 36. 3 43. 6 6. 9 3. 9 2. 8	Constants -3441.7 -1.2968 +0.75930 -1.1059 -0.21306 +0.14115 +0.72878 -4.9977 +3.2903 +0.14843 +0.22816 -0.24354 Total Resid +4580.9 +12.492 -8.4143 -1.0376 +0.38883	HV_6 H_{61} DZ_0 Z_{52} Z_1 H_{63} PV_6 PV_7 LDZ_{57} DZ_{22} THP_6 PR ual Error	34.0 6.0 5.7 2.7 2.0 1.2 1.5 1.2 .8 .9 	NORT Constants 36-48 -3940.8 -2.2079 +0.42869 -0.57348 -7.3692 +0.13857 +0.29366 +0.75892 -0.77482 -0.6216 +0.63618 Total Resid 36-48 +7941.5 +10.915 -1.6831 +0.18143 -1.9957	H ZONE FAST Predicto HR. Nort HV6 H61 DH35 PV6 LDZ37 H85 P83 TZH80 H63 PR. ual Error. HR. West HU3 H69 DH35 DP100	37. 1 6. 2 4. 6 1. 9 1. 6 2. 1 1. 1 1. 2 .8 1. 4 - 58. 0 8 1. 2	Constants -1494. 2 -6. 5677 +0. 27363 +0. 41244 -0. 8197 +0. 66174 -0. 33875 +3. 0312 -1. 2411 +0. 21064 -9. 6185 +0. 48465 -0. 19113	PV_{6} THP_{61} PV_{5} DZ_{0} H_{63} THP_{6} PV_{5} TZH_{50} Z_{1} Z_{32} PR $Ual Error$ DH_{5} H_{85} PV_{6} DZ_{2}	23. 0 12. 7 6. 7 3. 8 2. 6 2. 6 1. 9 1. 3 2. 2 1. 9 1. 6 1. 3 61. 6 57. 5	
-815.81 -0.92343 +0.82225 -0.83429 +4.1589 -0.10116 +0.39802 +0.32614 -0.11885 +0.10818 +0.56045 Total Resid +1554.5 +5.2225 -0.30313 -0.94227 +0.33933 -0.094448 +0.53241	$\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{62} Z_{51} HV_1 DZ_{12} H_7 TZH_{21} LTH_{37} DZ_2 DP_{67} PRlual Error HU_3 Z_{61} DP_{100} DZ_{52} $L\overline{Z}_{24}$ TZH_{21}	37.8 9.8 9.3 6.5 2.6 1.8 1.1 1.3 .9 .9 -72.0 47.7 60.3 5.7 4.2 2.1 1.6 1.3	NORT Constants 12-24 -901.76 -0.98261 +0.28125 -0.97737 +3.635 +0.38312 +0.12775 +0.35485 -0.10522 +0.21671 +2.5399 -0.3918 Total Resid 12-24 +3761.8 +11.239 -0.96613 -0.47711 +0.77255 +0.13263 -1.0868	FAST Predicto HR. Nort $\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{62} DZ_{11} DZ_{23} PV_7 Z_{62} PV_7 DZ_{63} PR ual Error. HR. West HU_3 DP_{100} Z_{61} P_{53} HR	34. 7 12. 1 10. 2 5. 4 4. 2 2. 5 1. 7 1. 0 1. 1 1. 4 - 76. 4 - 43. 5	Constants -59. 174 +5. 2997 -0. 45131 +0. 2816 +2. 574 +0. 46533 +0. 33777 -0. 17088 +0. 12937 +0. 74399 -0. 68974 -0. 59106 -0. 34443	Predictor PV_2 DZ_{65} P_y PV_7 H_{63} DZ_{22} H_7 DI_9 DZ_{60} DZ_{66} PR UZ_{66} PR UZ_{67} UZ_{67} UZ_{67} UZ_{67} UZ_{67} UZ_{67} UZ_{67}	20. 9 12. 5 6. 6 4. 5 3. 4 4. 1 2. 6 2. 3 2. 5 2. 2 1. 4 66. 2 36. 3	Constants -3441.7 -1.2968 +0.75930 -1.1059 -0.21306 +0.14115 +0.72878 -4.9977 +3.2903 +0.14843 +0.22816 -0.24354 Total Resid +4580.9 +12.492 -8.4143 -1.0376	HV_6 H_{61} DZ_0 Z_{52} Z_1 H_{63} PV_6 PV_7 DZ_{22} THP_6 PR HU_3 ZV_1 H_{63}	34.0 6.0 5.7 2.7 2.0 1.2 1.2 1.5 1.2 .8 .9	Constants 36-48 -3940.8 -2.2079 +0.42869 -0.57348 -7.3692 +0.13857 +0.29366 +0.75892 -0.77482 -0.6216 +0.63618 Total Resid 36-48 +7941.5 +10.915 -1.6831 +0.18143	H ZONE FAST Predicto HR. Nort HV6 H61 DH35 PV6 LDZ37 P43 H85 TZH50 H63 PR	37. 1 6. 2 4. 6 1. 9 1. 6 2. 1 1. 1 1. 2 .8 1. 4	Constants -1494, 2 -6, 5677 +0, 27363 +0, 41244 -0, 8197 +0, 66174 -0, 33875 +3, 0312 -1, 2411 +0, 21064 -9, 6185 +0, 48465 -0, 19113	PV_{6} THP_{61} PV_{5} DZ_{0} H_{63} THP_{6} PV_{5} TZH_{50} Z_{1} $TZHV_{1}$ Z_{61} Z_{32} $PR_{}$ ual Error. DH_{5} H_{85} PV_{6}	23. 0 12. 7 6. 7 3. 8 2. 6 1. 9 1. 3 2. 2 1. 9 1. 6 1. 3 61. 6 57. 5	
-815.81 -0.92343 +0.82225 -0.83429 +4.1589 -0.10116 +0.39802 +0.32614 -0.11885 +0.10818 +0.56045 Total Resid +1554.5 +5.2225 -0.30313 -0.94227 +0.33933 -0.094448 +0.53241 +0.40085	$\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{62} Z_{51} HV_1 DZ_{12} H_7 TZH_{21} LTH_{37} DZ_2 DP_{67} PRlual Error HU_3 Z_{61} DP_{100} DZ_{52} $L\overline{Z}_{34}$ TZH_{21} P_{46}	37.8 9.8 9.3 6.5 2.6 1.8 1.1 1.3 .9 .9 -72.0 -47.7 60.3 5.7 4.2 2.1 1.6 1.3 1.0	NORT Constants 12-24 -901.76 -0.98261 +0.28125 -0.97737 +3.635 +0.38312 +0.12775 +0.35485 -0.10522 +0.21671 +2.5399 -0.3918 Total Resid 12-24 +3761.8 +11.239 -0.96613 -0.47711 +0.72725 +0.13263 -1.0868 +0.92752 +0.982612 +0.982612 +0.98262	FAST Predicto HR. Nort $\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{62} Z_{62} Z_{62} Z_{62} Z_{63} Z_{64} Z_{65} Z_{65} Z_{65} Z_{65} Z_{66} Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{65} Z_{61} Z_{65} Z_{65} Z_{65} Z_{65} Z_{65} Z_{66}	34. 7 12. 1 10. 2 5. 4 4. 2 2. 5 1. 7 1. 0 1. 1 1. 0 1. 1 1. 4 - 76. 4 - 43. 5 63. 6 5. 1 5. 5 1. 1 1. 1 1. 1	Constants -59.174 +5.2997 -0.45131 +0.2816 +2.574 +0.46533 +0.33777 -0.17088 +0.12937 +0.74399 -0.68974 -0.59106 -0.34443	PV_{2} DZ_{65} P_{y} PV_{7} H_{63} DZ_{22} H_{7} DH_{0} DZ_{65} DZ_{67} DZ_{68} DZ_{68} DZ_{68} DZ_{68} DZ_{68} DZ_{68} DZ_{68} DZ_{68} DZ_{68} DZ_{69} DZ_{69} DZ_{69} DZ_{69} DZ_{69}	20. 9 12. 5 6. 6 4. 5 3. 4 3. 2 4. 1 2. 6 2. 3 2. 5 2. 2 1. 4 66. 2 36. 3 43. 6 6. 9 3. 9 2. 8 3. 3 2. 5	-3441. 7 -1. 2968 +0. 75930 -1. 1059 -0. 21306 +0. 14115 +0. 72878 -4. 9977 +3. 2903 +0. 14843 +0. 22816 -0. 24354 Total Resid +4580. 9 +12. 492 -8. 4143 -1. 0376 +0. 38883 +0. 40390 +0. 19519 +0. 55637	HV_6 HV_6 H_{61} DZ_0 Z_{32} Z_1 H_{63} PV_6 PV_7 LDZ_{37} DZ_{22} THP_6 PR HU_3 ZV_1 H_{63} P_{49} DZ_{12} $L\overline{Z}_{37}$	34.0 6.0 5.7 2.7 2.0 1.2 1.5 1.2 .8 .9 57.2 77.3	Constants 36-48 -3940.8 -2.2079 +0.42869 -0.57348 -7.3692 +0.13857 +0.29366 +0.75892 -0.77482 -0.6216 +0.63618 Total Resid 36-48 +7941.5 +10.915 -1.6831 +0.18143 -1.9957 +0.31735 +0.78005 +1.4455	H ZONE FAST Predicto HR. Nort HV6 H61 DH35 PV6 LDZ37 P43 H85 P83 TZH50 H63 PR	37. 1 6. 2 4. 6 1. 9 1. 6 2. 1 1. 1 1. 2 .8 1. 4 58. 0 2. 81. 2	Constants -1494. 2 -6. 5677 +0. 27363 +0. 41244 -0. 8197 +0. 66174 -0. 33875 +3. 0312 -1. 2411 +0. 21064 -9. 6185 +0. 48465 -0. 19113	PV_{6} PV_{6} DZ_{0} H_{63} THP_{61} PV_{5} TZH_{50} Z_{1} $TZHV_{1}$ Z_{61} Z_{12} $PR_{}$ DH_{5} H_{85} PV_{6} DZ_{2} H_{36} Z_{32} DH_{19}	23. 0 12. 7 6. 7 3. 8 2. 6 2. 6 1. 9 1. 3 2. 2 1. 9 1. 6 1. 3 - 61. 6 - 57. 5	
-815.81 -0.92343 +0.82225 -0.83429 +4.1589 -0.10116 +0.39802 +0.32614 -0.11885 +0.10818 +0.56045 Total Resid +1554.5 +5.2225 -0.30313 -0.94227 +0.39933 -0.094448 +0.53241 +0.40085 -0.30444 +0.27210	$\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{62} Z_{51} HV_1 DZ_{12} H_7 TZH_{21} LTH_{37} DZ_2 DP_{67} PRlual Error HU_3 Z_{61} DP_{100} DZ_{52} $L\overline{Z}_{24}$ TZH_{21}	37.8 9.8 9.3 6.5 2.6 1.8 1.1 1.3 .9 .9 -72.0 47.7 60.3 5.7 4.2 2.1 1.6 1.3	NORT Constants 12-24 -901.76 -0.98261 +0.28125 -0.97737 +3.635 +0.38312 +0.12775 +0.35485 -0.10522 +0.21671 +2.5399 -0.3918 Total Resid 12-24 +3761.8 +11.239 -0.96613 -0.47711 +0.77255 +0.13263 -1.0868	FAST Predicto HR. Nort $\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{62} DZ_{11} DZ_{23} PV_7 Z_{62} PV_7 DZ_{63} PR ual Error. HR. West HU_3 DP_{100} Z_{61} P_{53} HR	34. 7 12. 1 10. 2 5. 4 4. 2 2. 5 1. 7 1. 0 1. 1 1. 0 1. 1 1. 4 - 76. 4 - 43. 5	Constants -59.174 +5.2997 -0.45131 +0.2816 +2.574 +0.46533 +0.33777 -0.17088 +0.12937 +0.74399 -0.68974 -0.59106 -0.34443	PV_{2} DZ_{65} P_{y} PV_{7} H_{63} DZ_{22} H_{7} DD_{67} DD_{67} DD_{68} DZ_{68} $PR_{}$ DZ_{69} $PR_{}$ DZ_{69} DZ_{69} $PR_{}$ DZ_{61} DZ_{62} DZ_{62} DZ_{63} DZ_{67} DZ_{6	20. 9 12. 5 6. 6 4. 5 3. 4 3. 2 4. 1 2. 6 2. 3 2. 5 2. 2 1. 4 66. 2 36. 3 43. 6 6. 9 3. 9 2. 8 3. 3 2. 8	Constants -3441.7 -1.2968 +0.75930 -1.1059 -0.21306 +0.14115 +0.72878 -4.9977 +3.2903 +0.14843 +0.22816 -0.24354 Total Resid +4580.9 +12.492 -8.4143 -1.0376 +0.38883 +0.40390 +0.19519	HV_6 H_{61} DZ_0 Z_{32} Z_1 H_{63} PV_6 PV_7 LDZ_{37} DZ_{22} THP_6 PRual Error	34.0 6.0 5.7 2.7 2.0 1.2 1.5 1.2 .8 .9 	Constants 36-48 -3940.8 -2.2079 +0.42869 -0.57348 -7.3692 +0.13857 +0.29366 +0.75892 -0.77482 -0.6216 +0.63618 Total Resid 36-48 +7941.5 +10.915 -1.6831 +0.18143 -1.9957 +0.31735 +0.78005	H ZONE FAST Predicto HR. Nort HV_6 H_{61} DH_{35} PV_6 LDZ_{37} H_{85} P_{83} TZH_{50} H_{63} PRual Error. HR. West HU_3 H_{69} DH_{35} DP_{100} LDZ_{37} $\overline{DP_4}$	37. 1 6. 2 4. 6 1. 9 1. 6 2. 1 1. 1 1. 2 .8 1. 4 58. 0 81. 2	Constants -1494. 2 -6. 5677 +0. 27363 +0. 41244 -0. 8197 +0. 66174 -0. 33875 +3. 0312 -1. 2411 +0. 21064 -9. 6185 +0. 48465 -0. 19113	$\begin{array}{c} PV_{6} \\ THP_{61} \\ PV_{6} \\ \overline{DZ_{0}} \\ H_{63} \\ THP_{6} \\ PV_{5} \\ TZH_{50} \\ Z_{1} \\ Z_{22} \\ PR \\ ual \ Error. \\ \hline \hline{DH}_{5} \\ H_{85} \\ PV_{6} \\ DZ_{2} \\ H_{36} \\ Z_{22} \\ \end{array}$	23. 0 12. 7 6. 7 3. 8 2. 6 2. 6 1. 9 1. 3 2. 2 1. 9 1. 6 1. 3 - 61. 6 - 57. 5	
-815.81 -0.92343 +0.82225 -0.83429 +4.1589 -0.10116 +0.39802 +0.32614 -0.11885 +0.10818 +0.56045 Total Residu +1554.5 +5.2225 -0.30313 -0.94427 +0.33933 -0.094448 +0.53241 +0.40085 -0.30444 +0.27210 +0.53753	$\overline{DZ_0}$ $\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{62} Z_{51} HV_1 DZ_{12} H_{72} H_{72} H_{72} DZ_{12} LTH_{37} DZ_{2} DP_{97} PRlual Error HU_3 Z_{61} DP_{100} DP_{252} $L\overline{Z_{34}}$ TZH_{21} P_{49} $L\overline{Z_{22}}$ P_x DH_{54}	37.8 9.8 9.3 6.5 2.6 1.1 1.3 .9 .9 - 72.0 - 47.7 60.3 5.7 4.2 2.1 1.6 1.3 1.0 .9 .9	NORT Constants 12-24 -901.76 -0.98261 +0.28125 -0.97737 +3.635 +0.38312 +0.12775 +0.35485 -0.10522 +0.21671 +2.5399 -0.3918 Total Resid 12-24 +3761.8 +11.239 -0.96613 -0.47711 +0.72725 +0.13263 -1.0868 +0.92752 -0.45474 -0.47741 -0.7668 -0.9752 -0.45474 -0.9868 -0.92752 -0.45474 -0.98613 -0.45474 -0.9868 -0.92752 -0.45474 -0.98752 -0.45474 -0.98752 -0.45474 -	FAST Predicto HR. Nort $\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{62} DZ_{11} DZ_{23} PV_7 DZ_{53} PR ual Error. HR. West HU_3 DP_{100} Z_{61} P_{53} H_{27} DZ_{65} $\overline{DH_1}$ H_{85}	34. 7 12. 1 10. 2 5. 4 4. 2 2. 5 1. 7 1. 0 1. 1 1. 4 76. 4 43. 5 63. 6 5. 1 5. 5 1. 1 1. 1 1. 3	-59.174 +5.2997 -0.45131 +0.2816 +2.574 +0.46533 +0.3777 -0.17088 +0.12937 +0.74399 -0.68974 -0.59106 -0.34443	$Predictor \ PV_2 \ DZ_{65} \ P_y \ PV_7 \ H_{63} \ DZ_{52} \ H_7 \ Z_1 \ DP_{67} \ DZ_{66} \ PR \ U_3 \ DZ_{37} \ P_x \ ZV_1 \ Z_{32} \ TZH_{21} \ DP_{49} \ DP_{190} \ DH_{27} \ P_{49} \ DH_{27} \ $	20. 9 12. 5 6. 6 4. 5 3. 4 3. 2 4. 1 2. 6 2. 3 2. 5 2. 2 1. 4 66. 2 36. 3 43. 6 6. 9 3. 9 2. 8 3. 3 2. 2 1. 7 1. 5 1. 3	Constants -3441.7 -1.2968 +0.75930 -1.1059 -0.21306 +0.14115 +0.72878 -4.9977 +3.2903 +0.14843 +0.22816 -0.24354 Total Resid +4580.9 +12.492 -8.4143 -1.0376 +0.38883 +0.40390 +0.19519 +0.55637 -0.50728 -1.4669 +1.4251	HV_6 HV_6 H_{61} DZ_0 Z_{52} Z_1 H_{63} PV_6 PV_7 LDZ_{57} DZ_{22} THP_6 PRual Error HU_3 ZV_1 H_{63} P_{49} DZ_{12} $L\overline{Z}_{37}$ H_{32} DP_{85} DP_{85}	34.0 6.0 5.7 2.7 2.0 1.2 1.5 1.2 9 	NORT Constants 36-48 -3940.8 -2.2079 +0.42869 -0.57348 -7.3692 +0.13857 +0.29366 +0.75892 -0.77482 -0.6216 +0.63618 Total Resid 36-48 +7941.5 +10.915 -1.6831 +0.18143 -1.9957 +0.31735 +0.78005 +1.4455 -0.35117 +1.1745 -0.60277	H ZONE FAST Predicto HR. Nort HV6 H61 DH35 PV6 LDZ37 P43 H85 P83 TZH50 H63 PR	37. 1 6. 2 4. 6 1. 9 1. 6 2. 1 1. 1 1. 2 .8 1. 4 - 58. 0 8 1. 2 - 58. 0 8 3. 9 2. 8 1. 7 2. 1 1. 9	Constants -1494. 2 -6. 5677 +0. 27363 +0. 41244 -0. 8197 +0. 66174 -0. 33875 +3. 0312 -1. 2411 +0. 21064 -9. 6185 +0. 48465 -0. 19113	$\begin{array}{c} PV_{0} \\ THP_{01} \\ PV_{0} \\ THP_{01} \\ PS_{0} \\ PV_{5} \\ TZH_{50} \\ Z_{1} \\ TZHV_{1} \\ Z_{32} \\ PR_{$	23. 0 12. 7 6. 7 3. 8 2. 6 2. 6 1. 9 1. 3 2. 2 1. 9 1. 6 1. 3 - 61. 6 - 57. 5	
-815.81 -0.92343 +0.82225 -0.83429 +4.1589 -0.10116 +0.39802 +0.32614 -0.11885 +0.10818 +0.56045 Total Resid +1554.5 +5.2225 -0.30313 -0.94227 +0.3933 -0.094448 +0.53241 +0.40085 -0.30444 +0.27210 +0.53753 -0.39494	$\overline{DZ_0}$ $\overline{Z_{62}}$ Z_{62} Z_{51} HV_1 DZ_{12} H_{72} TZH_{21} LTH_{57} DZ_2 DP_{97} I PRlual Error HU_3 Z_{61} DP_{100} DZ_{52} LZ_{54} LZ_{11} P_{49} LZ_{22} P_x DH_{54} H_{69}	37.8 9.8 9.3 6.5 2.6 1.8 1.1 1.3 .9 -72.0 -47.7 60.3 5.7 4.2 2.1 1.6 1.3 1.0 .9 1.2 .9 1.0	NORT Constants 12-24 -901. 76 -0. 98261 +0. 28125 -0. 97737 +3. 635 +0. 38312 +0. 12775 +0. 3072 +0. 35485 -0. 10522 +0. 21671 +2. 5399 -0. 3918 Total Resid 12-24 +3761. 8 +11. 239 -0. 96613 -0. 47711 +0. 72725 +0. 13263 -1. 0868 +0. 92752 -0. 45474 -0. 29999	FAST Predicto HR. Nort $\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{62} DZ_{11} DZ_{23} PV_7 DZ_{53} PR ual Error HR. West HU_3 DP_{100} Z_{61} P_{53} H_{27} DZ_{65} $\overline{DH_1}$ H_{85} P_{61}	34. 7 12. 1 10. 2 5. 4 4. 2 2. 5 1. 7 1. 0 1. 1 1. 4 76. 4 43. 5 63. 6 5. 1 5. 5 1. 1 1. 1 1. 1 1. 3	Constants -59. 174 +5. 2997 -0. 45131 +0. 2816 +2. 574 +0. 46533 +0. 33777 -0. 17088 +0. 12937 +0. 74399 -0. 68974 -0. 59106 -0. 34443	$Predictor \ PV_2 \ DZ_{65} \ P_y \ PV_7 \ H_{63} \ DZ_{22} \ H_7 \ Z_1 \ DP_{90} \ DZ_{66} \ PR_{$	20. 9 12. 5 6. 6 4. 5 3. 4 4. 1 2. 6 2. 3 2. 5 2. 2 1. 4 66. 2 36. 3 43. 6 6. 9 3. 9 2. 8 3. 3 2. 3 2. 5 2. 2 1. 4 1. 3 2. 3 3 4. 1 4. 1 5 5 6 6. 2 1. 3 1. 3 1. 3 1. 3 1. 3 1. 3 1. 3 1. 3	Constants -3441.7 -1.2968 +0.75930 -1.1059 -0.21306 +0.14115 +0.72878 -4.9977 +3.2903 +0.14843 +0.22816 -0.24354 Total Resid +4580.9 +12.492 -8.4143 -1.0376 +0.38883 +0.40390 +0.19519 +0.55637 -0.50728 -1.4669	HV_6 H_{61} DZ_0 Z_{22} Z_1 H_{63} PV_6 PV_7 LDZ_{27} THP_6 PRual Error HU_3 ZV_1 H_{63} P_{49} DZ_{12} LZ_{57} H_{32} DP_{85}	34.0 6.0 5.7 2.7 2.0 1.2 1.5 1.2 .8 .9 22.1 9.0 4.2 4.4 3.7 3.1 2.6 1.7 1.5	NORT Constants 36-48 -3940.8 -2. 2079 +0. 42869 -0. 57348 -7. 3692 +0. 13857 +0. 29366 +0. 75892 -0. 77482 -0. 6216 +0. 63618 Total Resid 36-48 +7941. 5 +10. 915 -1. 6831 +0. 18143 -1. 9957 +0. 31735 +0. 78005 +1. 4455 -0. 35117 +1. 1745	H ZONE Predicto HR. Nort HV6 H61 DH35 PV6 LDZ37 P43 TZH50 H63 PR ual Error. HR. West HU3 H69 DH35 DP100 LDZ37 DP4 DH919 H97	37. 1 6. 2 4. 6 1. 9 1. 6 2. 1 1. 1 1. 2 .8 1. 4 58. 0 81. 2 16. 9 7. 4 4. 5 3. 6 3. 8 3. 9 2. 8 1. 7 2. 1 1. 9 1. 9 1. 9 1. 9 1. 9 1. 9 1. 9 1	Constants -1494. 2 -6. 5677 +0. 27363 +0. 41244 -0. 8197 +0. 66174 -0. 33875 +3. 0312 -1. 2411 +0. 21064 -9. 6185 +0. 48465 -0. 19113	$\begin{array}{c} PV_{6} \\ PV_{6} \\ THP_{61} \\ PV_{5} \\ \overline{DZ_{0}} \\ H_{63} \\ THP_{6} \\ PV_{5} \\ TZH_{50} \\ Z_{1} \\ Z_{32} \\ PR_{} \\ ual \ Error. \\ \\ \hline DH_{5} \\ H_{85} \\ PV_{6} \\ DZ_{2} \\ H_{36} \\ Z_{32} \\ DH_{19} \\ P4_{5} \\ DP_{100} \\ \end{array}$	23. 0 12. 7 6. 7 3. 8 2. 6 1. 9 1. 3 2. 2 1. 9 1. 6 1. 3 61. 6 2. 5 7. 5	
-815.81 -0.92343 +0.82225 -0.83429 +4.1589 -0.10116 +0.39802 +0.32614 -0.11885 +0.10818 +0.56045 Total Resid +1554.5 +5.2225 -0.30313 -0.94227 +0.33933 -0.094448 +0.53241 +0.40085 -0.30444 +0.27210 +0.53753 -0.39494 Total	$\overline{DZ_0}$ $\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{62} Z_{51} HV_1 DZ_{12} H_{72} H_{72} H_{72} DZ_{12} LTH_{37} DZ_{2} DP_{97} PRlual Error HU_3 Z_{61} DP_{100} DP_{252} $L\overline{Z_{34}}$ TZH_{21} P_{49} $L\overline{Z_{22}}$ P_x DH_{54}	37.8 9.8 9.3 6.5 2.6 1.8 1.1 1.3 .9 .9 -72.0 47.7 60.3 5.7 4.2 2.1 1.6 1.3 1.0 .9 1.0	NORT Constants 12-24 -901. 76 -0. 98261 +0. 28125 -0. 97737 +3. 635 +0. 38312 +0. 12775 +0. 9072 +0. 35485 -0. 10522 +0. 21671 +2. 5399 -0. 3918 Total Resid 12-24 +3761. 8 +11. 239 -0. 96613 -0. 47711 +0. 72725 +0. 13263 -1. 0868 +0. 92752 -0. 45474 -0. 29999	FAST Predicto HR. Nort $\overline{DZ_0}$ Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{61} Z_{62} DZ_{11} DZ_{23} PV_7 DZ_{53} PR ual Error. HR. West HU_3 DP_{100} Z_{61} P_{53} H_{27} DZ_{65} $\overline{DH_1}$ H_{85}	34. 7 12. 1 10. 2 5. 4 4. 2 2. 5 1. 7 1. 0 1. 1 1. 4 - 76. 4 - 43. 5 63. 6 5. 1 5. 5 1. 1 1. 1 1. 1 1. 1 2. 8 80. 5	Constants -59. 174 +5. 2997 -0. 45131 +0. 2816 +2. 574 +0. 46533 +0. 33777 -0. 17088 +0. 12937 +0. 74399 -0. 68974 -0. 59106 -0. 34443	$Predictor \ PV_2 \ DZ_{65} \ P_y \ PV_7 \ H_{63} \ DZ_{22} \ H_7 \ Z_1 \ DP_{67} \ D\overline{D}_{60} \ TZH_{50} \ DZ_{55} \ PR \ \ DZ_{57} \ P_z \ DZ_{57} \ P_z \ TZH_{21} \ DP_{49} \ DP_{100} \ P_{49} \ DH_{27} \ P_{61} \ $	20. 9 12. 5 6. 6 4. 5 3. 4 12. 6 2. 3 2. 5 2. 2 1. 4 66. 2 36. 3 43. 6 6. 9 3. 9 2. 8 3. 3 2. 2 1. 7 1. 5 1. 3 1. 3 73. 0	-3441.7 -1.2968 +0.75930 -1.1059 -0.21306 +0.14115 +0.72878 -4.9977 +3.2903 +0.14843 +0.22816 -0.24354 Total Resid +4580.9 +12.492 -8.4143 -1.0376 +0.38883 +0.40390 +0.19519 +0.55637 -0.50728 -1.4669 +1.4251 -0.21634 +0.48948 Total	HV_6 HV_6 H_{61} DZ_0 Z_{32} Z_1 H_{63} PV_6 PV_7 LDZ_{37} DZ_{22} THP_6 PRual Error HU_3 ZV_1 H_{63} P_{49} DZ_{12} $L\overline{Z}_{37}$ H_{32} DP_{85} $D\overline{P}_4$ DZ_2	34.0 6.0 5.7 2.7 2.0 1.2 1.5 1.2 .8 .9 22.1 9.0 4.2 4.4 3.7 3.1 2.6 1.7 1.5 2.8 1.6 9.7	NORT Constants 36-48 -3940.8 -2. 2079 +0. 42869 -0. 57348 -7. 3692 +0. 13857 +0. 29366 +0. 75892 -0. 77482 -0. 6216 +0. 63618 Total Resid 36-48 +7941.5 +10. 915 -1. 6831 +0. 18143 -1. 9957 +0. 31735 +0. 78005 +1. 4455 -0. 60277 +0. 24899 -5. 1532 Total	H ZONE FAST Predicto HR. Nort HV6 H61 DH35 PV6 LDZ37 P43 H85 P83 TZH30 H63 PR	37. 1 6. 2 4. 6 1. 9 1. 6 2. 1 1. 1 1. 2 .8 1. 4 2. 58. 0 81. 2 3. 6 3. 8 3. 9 2. 8 3. 9 2. 8 1. 7 2. 1 1. 9 1. 9 1. 9 1. 9 1. 9 1. 9 1. 9 1	Constants -1494. 2 -6. 5677 +0. 27363 +0. 41244 -0. 8197 +0. 66174 -0. 33875 +3. 0312 -1. 2411 +0. 21064 -9. 6185 +0. 48465 -0. 19113	$\begin{array}{c} PV_{6} \\ PV_{6} \\ \overline{DZ_{0}} \\ H_{63} \\ \overline{DZ_{0}} \\ H_{63} \\ THP_{6} \\ PV_{5} \\ Z_{1} \\ Z_{12} \\ Z_{12} \\ PR. \\ ual \ Error. \\ \\ \hline PH_{5} \\ H_{85} \\ PV_{6} \\ DZ_{2} \\ H_{36} \\ Z_{32} \\ DH_{19} \\ Pt_{43} \\ DP_{100} \\ LDP_{22} \\ TZH_{11} \end{array}$	23. 0 12. 7 6. 7 3. 8 2. 6 2. 6 1. 9 1. 3 2. 2 1. 9 1. 6 1. 3 61. 6 2. 57. 5	

		(8	a)					(e)				
SOUTH ZONE								SOUTH	ZONE			
DDF	LIMINARY			SLOW			ELIMINARY			SLOW	n.r.	
Constants	Predictors		Constants		PR	Constant	s Predictors	PR 24–36 HR.	Constants North	Predictors	PR	
		00-12 HF			5500	-766.4		2. 50 1116.	+2418.2			
+1550.2	_		+2390.0	_		-1.0599	DZ_{50}	14.0	+7.6275	PV_8	14.2	
+0.55007	P_{y}	49.9	+0.59127	$\frac{P_y}{CDH}$	47.7	+0.6745	DP_{69}	10.1	-0.85282	Z_{52}	15. 2	
+0.45467 $+3.7022$	\overline{CDH} ZV_8	6.3 2.5	+0.40824 -0.28954	H_{66}	8. 9 3. 1	+0.38623	P_3	5. 9	+0.5441	$C\overline{DH}$	5.9	
-0.27583	Z_{52}	2. 2	-0.26934 +5.4717	PV_8	2.9	-0.85932 +0.42869	$P_{51} \ P_{85}$	6. 0 4. 0	+0.40702 -0.27937	$DP_{33} \ DZ_3$	3. 2 5. 2	
+0. 24827	THP_{21}	1.7	+0.19110	P_{32}	1.4	+0.42869 +2.2312	ZV_{9}	3.0	+0. 62506	Z_{48}	3. 0	
-0.076947	DZ_{9}	1.4	-0.10786	DZ_3	1.6	-0.19262	DP_{12}	2.4	-0.6847	TZH_{19}	2.0	
-0.43533	DP_{52}	1.0	-0.19843	H_{55}	0.9	+0.23933	P_y	1.3	+0.1528	Z_7	2.8	
-0.21738	THP_{30}	1.1	-0.3195	TZH_{65}	. 9	+0.59736	Z_{48}	1.4	-0.47545	P_{39}	3.1	
+0.34774	DP_{69}	1.0	-0.10435	DP_3	1.1	-0.71545	H_{65}	2.4	+2.7858	ZV_8	1.7	
Madal D	D	077. 1	-0. 12293	LDP_{37}	.9	+0.15588	DP_7	1.3	+2.444	DZ_{12}	1.2	
Total P Residua		67. 1 29. 5	Total	PR ual Error	69. 4 26. 2	-0.15622	TZH_{11}	1.0	-0.22996	DH_{12}	1.8	
Residua	a Elloi	29.0	,	uai Eiioi	20. 2	Total :	ial Error	52.8 46.6	Total I	al Error	59. 3 41. 8	
		00-12 H	R. West			Residi	lat Effor			ai Eiioi	41.0	
- 721, 73			-2709.5					24-36 HR	R. West			
-721.73 +0.71343	P_x	80. 1	-2709.5 +0.8155	P_x	79.8	-1620.6			-932.73			
+0.71343 +0.32232	Z_{37}	4.3	+0.5766	Z_{37}	3.9	+1.1942	Z_{37}	47.3	+3.3029	ZU_4	46.7	
+2.0646	ZU_4	.7	-0.24394	P_y	1.1	+0.35215	DH_{21}	5.8	+0.35589	P_x	9.3	
-0.38533	THP_{53}	. 5	-0.10821	Z_3	.8	+0.29778	P_{s}	3.9	-0.28462	P_y	5.0	
			-0.33593	P_{51}	1.1	-0.30335	P_y	2.6	+0.73942	DH_{37}	4.2	
Total P		85. 6	Total		86.7	+0.77356 +0.18323	DP_{39}	2.8 2.2	-0.66513 +0.46809	$Z_{23} \ LDP_{50}$	1.8 1.4	
Residua	al Error	32. 3	Resid	ual Error	30.0	-1.2549	$Z_{11} \ THP_{65}$	1.5	-0.39446	H_3	2.0	
						+0.56887	THP_{50}	1.9	+0.63606	Z_{37}	1.3	
						-0.20348	DP_3	1.1	+0.21029	Z_{11}	1.1	
						-0.72896	DP_{83}	1.0	-0.2111	DP_{12}	1.5	
						-0.28327	Z_{23}	1.1	+0.19355	Z_7	1.0	
						-0.45057	Z_{52}	. 9	+0.28545	DH_3	1.4	
						Total		72.1	Total I	PR ial Error	76. 7 41. 3	
						Resid	ual Error	47.7	Residu	iai Eliui	41.0	
		,	b) H ZONE			(d) SOUTH ZONE						
			1 ZUNE			PRE	LIMINARY	500111	8	SLOW		
PRE	ELIMINARY Predictors		Constants	SLOW Predictors	PR	Constants	Predictors	PR 36-48 HR	Constants	Predictors	PR	
	110410101			1104101015	1 10			00 40 1110				
-525.64		12-24 H I	R. North +147.45			-472.61 -0.9788	DZ_{50}	11.3	$+599.53 \\ +10.203$	PV_8	11.6	
+0.37325	P_y	21.7	+0.35775	P_y	22.7	-0.9788 +1.1486	DP_{69}	9.4	-0.63278	Z_{52}	13. 5	
+0.27305	$C\overline{DH}$	10. 2	+0.37934	$C\overline{DH}$	10.7	+0.39703	P_3	5. 7	-0.40356	TZH_3	5.0	
-0.92868	P_{51}	5.5	-0.59733	Z_{66}	7. 5	-0.21431	P_{34}	4. 6	+0.25333	Z_7	4, 4	
+0.58039	P_{85}	4.6	+0.54208	H_{85}	4.7	+0.18737	DP_7	3.4	-0.25188	P_{11}	3.4	
+0.16179	DP_{31}	1.9	-0.36792	P_{34}	4.5	-0.43214	DZ_{66}	1.6	+1.0105	Z_{48}	3. 3	
-0.51655	DZ_{50}	1.7	-0.2455	\overline{DZ}_6	2.8	-0.78758	THP_{70}	1.8	-1.3737	TZH_{35}	3. 6	
+0.18336 +0.15437	H_7 P_1	2. 0 1. 3	+0.24343	Z_{33}	2.5	-1.154	P_{51}	2.3	$-0.56358 \\ +0.42006$	$P_{53} \ DP_{7}$	3. 2 2. 2	
+0.15437 -0.21593	DP_3	1. 3	+0.56513 +0.19302	DP_{83}	1.6	+0.60606 $+0.17605$	P_{85} H_7	3. 5 1. 8	+0.42006 -0.57729	DF_7 DH_{21}	4. 0	
-0.18710	LDP_{37}	1.1	$+0.19302 \\ +0.361$	PU_6 TZH_{39}	1.1	+0.17605 -0.21879	P_{11}	1.8	+0.71462	TZH_{37}	2. 1	
+0.57359	DP_{83}	1.3	-3.1362	ZU_4	1.6	+0.42226	Z_{48}	2.3	-0.40231	H_{66}	1.4	
	P_3	1. 2	+1.7392	ZU_6	3. 1	Total		49.5	Total 1		57. 7	
+0.16376				PR	63.9	Resid	ual Error	57. 2	Residu	ial Error	51.9	
+0.16376 Total P	PR	53.9										
+0.16376 Total P		53. 9 38. 9		ual Error	31.5			36-48 H I	R West			
+0.16376 Total P	PR				31.5	-843.17		36-48 H I	R West —1834. 6			
+0.16376 Total P	PR				31.5	+3.422	ZU_4	31.9	-1834.6 $+4.8154$	ZU_4	36. 2	
+0.16376 Total P	PR				31.5	$+3.422 \\ +0.99921$	$\overline{DZ_8}$	31. 9 6. 8	-1834.6 $+4.8154$ -0.26804	THP_8	6. 6	
+0.16376 Total P	PR	38. 9			31.5	+3.422 $+0.99921$ $+0.74922$	$\overline{DZ_8} \ P_{49}$	31. 9 6. 8 4. 5	-1834.6 $+4.8154$ -0.26804 $+0.19759$	THP_8 P_x	6. 6 5. 9	
+0.16376 Total P	PR	38. 9	Resid		31.5	+3.422 $+0.99921$ $+0.74922$ -1.4169	$\overline{DZ_8} \ P_{49} \ DP_{69}$	31. 9 6. 8 4. 5 3. 7	$\begin{array}{c} -1834.6 \\ +4.8154 \\ -0.26804 \\ +0.19759 \\ +0.032765 \end{array}$	THP_8 P_x P_y	6. 6 5. 9 3. 5	
+0.16376 Total P Residu:	PR al Error	38. 9 12-24 H	Resid I.R. West $+1439.3$	ual Error		+3.422 $+0.99921$ $+0.74922$ -1.4169 $+0.62923$	$\overline{DZ_8}$ P_{49} DP_{69} DH_3	31. 9 6. 8 4. 5 3. 7 2. 3	$\begin{array}{l} -1834.6 \\ +4.8154 \\ -0.26804 \\ +0.19759 \\ +0.032765 \\ +0.5783 \end{array}$	THP_8 P_x $\frac{P_y}{DZ_7}$	6. 6 5. 9 3. 5 2. 0	
+0.16376 Total P Residu: -3005.9	PR	38. 9	Resid	ual Error $P_{\mathtt{z}}$	62. 7	+3.422 $+0.99921$ $+0.74922$ -1.4169 $+0.62923$ -0.44829	\overline{DZ}_8 P_{49} DP_{69} DH_3 P_3	31. 9 6. 8 4. 5 3. 7 2. 3 4. 3	$\begin{array}{c} -1834.6 \\ +4.8154 \\ -0.26804 \\ +0.19759 \\ +0.032765 \\ +0.5783 \\ -1.5834 \end{array}$	THP_8 P_x P_y $\overline{DZ_7}$ DP_{69}	6. 6 5. 9 3. 5	
+0.16376 Total P Residu: -3005.9 +0.66113 +0.48872	$^{ m PR}$ al Error Z_{37}	38. 9 12-24 H 64. 3	Resid HR. West +1439.3 +0.60239	ual Error		+3.422 $+0.99921$ $+0.74922$ -1.4169 $+0.62923$ -0.44829 $+0.76767$	$\overline{DZ}_{8} \ P_{49} \ DP_{69} \ DH_{3} \ P_{3} \ DP_{39}$	31. 9 6. 8 4. 5 3. 7 2. 3 4. 3 2. 6	$\begin{array}{l} -1834.6 \\ +4.8154 \\ -0.26804 \\ +0.19759 \\ +0.032765 \\ +0.5783 \end{array}$	THP_8 P_x $\frac{P_y}{DZ_7}$	6. 6 5. 9 3. 5 2. 0 2. 6	
+0.16376 Total P Residu: -3005.9 +0.66113 +0.48872 -0.23875 +0.36629	$rac{Z_{87}}{P_x}$	38. 9 12-24 H 64. 3 6. 8	Resid HR. West +1439.3 +0.60239 +0.71495	ual Error $P_{ m r}$ $DZ_{ m 57}$	62. 7 9. 7	+3.422 $+0.99921$ $+0.74922$ -1.4169 $+0.62923$ -0.44829	\overline{DZ}_8 P_{49} DP_{69} DH_3 P_3	31. 9 6. 8 4. 5 3. 7 2. 3 4. 3	$\begin{array}{l} -1834.6 \\ +4.8154 \\ -0.26804 \\ +0.19759 \\ +0.032765 \\ +0.5783 \\ -1.5834 \\ +0.6561 \end{array}$	THP_8 P_x P_y $\overline{DZ_7}$ DP_{60} DH_3	6. 6 5. 9 3. 5 2. 0 2. 6 1. 3	
+0.16376 Total P Residu: -3005.9 +0.66113 +0.48872 -0.23875 +0.36629 -0.23531	PR al Error Z_{37} P_{7} Z_{58} $D\overline{Z}_{7}$ P_{9}	38. 9 12-24 H 64. 3 6. 8 2. 9 1. 7 . 8	Resid HR. West +1439.3 +0.60239 +0.71495 +5.8076	ual Error P_x DZ_{37} HU_4	62. 7 9. 7 3. 6	$\begin{array}{c} +3.422 \\ +0.99921 \\ +0.74922 \\ -1.4169 \\ +0.62923 \\ -0.44829 \\ +0.76767 \\ +0.27694 \end{array}$	\overline{DZ}_8 P_{49} DP_{69} DH_3 P_3 DP_{39} H_{11}	31. 9 6. 8 4. 5 3. 7 2. 3 4. 3 2. 6 2. 3	$\begin{array}{c} -1834.6 \\ +4.8154 \\ -0.26804 \\ +0.19759 \\ +0.032765 \\ +0.5783 \\ -1.5834 \\ +0.6561 \\ -0.40252 \end{array}$	THP_8 P_x P_y DZ_7 DP_{60} DH_3 P_3 Z_{48} DZ_7	6. 6 5. 9 3. 5 2. 0 2. 6 1. 3 2. 8 1. 6 1. 8	
+0.16376 Total P Residu: -3005.9 +0.66113 +0.48872 -0.23875 +0.36629 -0.23531 +0.43295	Z_{37} P_z Z_{68} $\overline{D}Z_7$ P_y DP_{39}	38. 9 12-24 H 64. 3 6. 8 2. 9 1. 7 . 8 1. 3	Resid IR. West +1439.3 +0.60239 +0.71495 +5.8076 -0.31677	ual Error P_{x} DZ_{37} HU_{4} P_{y}	62. 7 9. 7 3. 6 1. 8	$\begin{array}{l} +3.422 \\ +0.99921 \\ +0.74922 \\ -1.4169 \\ +0.62923 \\ -0.44829 \\ +0.76767 \\ +0.27694 \\ -0.29709 \end{array}$	\overline{DZ}_8 P_{49} DP_{69} DH_3 P_3 DP_{39} H_{11} LZ_{37}	31. 9 6. 8 4. 5 3. 7 2. 3 4. 3 2. 6 2. 3 1. 6	$\begin{array}{c} -1834.6 \\ +4.8154 \\ -0.26804 \\ +0.19759 \\ +0.032765 \\ +0.5783 \\ -1.5834 \\ +0.6561 \\ -0.40252 \\ +0.45654 \\ +0.17732 \\ +0.72586 \end{array}$	THP_8 P_x P_y DZ_7 DP_{60} DH_3 P_3 Z_{48} DZ_7 DP_7	6. 6 5. 9 3. 5 2. 0 2. 6 1. 3 2. 8 1. 6 1. 8	
+0.16376 Total P Residus -3005.9 +0.66113 +0.48872 -0.23875 +0.36629 -0.23531 +0.43295 +0.094287	Z_{37} P_{2} Z_{57} P_{2} Z_{68} $\overline{DZ_{7}}$ P_{y} DP_{39} Z_{11}	38. 9 12-24 H 64. 3 6. 8 2. 9 1. 7 . 8 1. 3 1. 0	Resid HR. West +1439.3 +0.60239 +0.71495 +5.8076 -0.31677 -0.53323 -1.6157	Pr DZ_{57} HU_4 P_y TZH_{65} HU_6	62. 7 9. 7 3. 6 1. 8 1. 1	+3.422 +0.99921 +0.74922 -1.4169 +0.62923 -0.44829 +0.76767 +0.27694 -0.29709 -0.27220	\overline{DZ}_8 P_{49} DP_{69} DH_3 P_3 DP_{39} H_{11} LZ_{37} P_5	31. 9 6. 8 4. 5 3. 7 2. 3 4. 3 2. 6 2. 3 1. 6 1. 4	$\begin{array}{c} -1834.6 \\ +4.8154 \\ -0.26804 \\ +0.19759 \\ +0.032765 \\ +0.5783 \\ -1.5834 \\ +0.6561 \\ -0.40252 \\ +0.45654 \\ +0.17732 \\ +0.72586 \\ -0.14129 \end{array}$	THP_8 P_x P_y DZ_7 DP_{60} DH_3 P_3 Z_{48} DZ_7 DP_7 DZ_9	6. 6 5. 9 3. 5 2. 0 2. 6 1. 3 2. 8 1. 6 1. 8 1. 2	
+0.16376 Total P Residus -3005.9 +0.66113 +0.48872 -0.23875 +0.36629 -0.23531 +0.43295 +0.094287 Total P	Z_{37} P_{2} Z_{57} P_{2} Z_{68} $\overline{DZ_{7}}$ P_{y} DP_{39} Z_{11}	38. 9 12-24 H 64. 3 6. 8 2. 9 1. 7 . 8 1. 3	Resid IR. West +1439.3 +0.60239 +0.71495 +5.8076 -0.31677 -0.53323 -1.6157 Total	Pr DZ_{57} HU_4 P_y TZH_{65} HU_6	62. 7 9. 7 3. 6 1. 8 1. 1	+3.422 +0.99921 +0.74922 -1.4169 +0.62923 -0.44829 +0.76767 +0.27694 -0.29709 -0.27220	\overline{DZ}_8 P_{49} DP_{69} DH_3 P_3 DP_{39} H_{11} LZ_{37} P_5	31. 9 6. 8 4. 5 3. 7 2. 3 4. 3 2. 6 2. 3 1. 6	-1834.6 +4.8154 -0.26804 +0.19759 +0.032765 +0.5783 -1.5834 +0.6561 -0.40252 +0.45654 +0.17732 +0.72586 -0.14129	THP_8 P_x P_y DZ_7 DP_{60} DH_3 P_3 Z_{48} DZ_7 DP_7 DZ_9	6. 6 5. 9 3. 5 2. 0 2. 6 1. 3 2. 8 1. 6 1. 8	

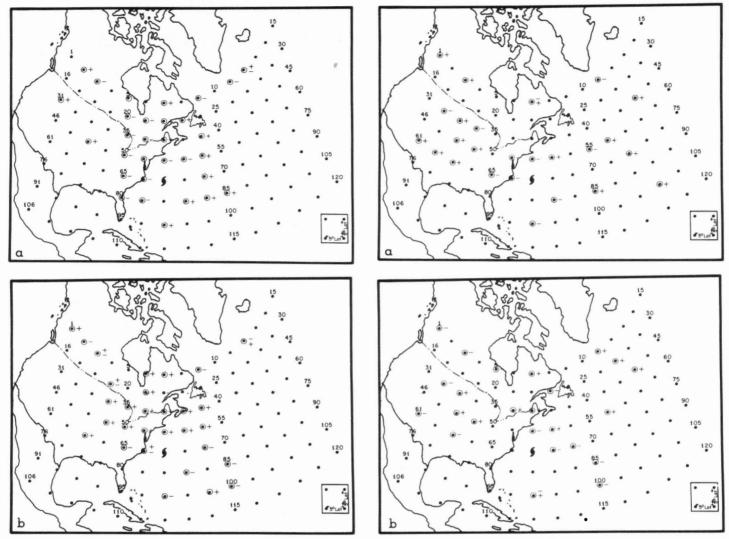


FIGURE 3.—Height changes selected to forecast a) northward movement and b) westward movement.

Figure 4.—Heights selected to forecast a) northward movement and b) westward movement.

no differentiation is made regarding forecast period to which each applies. Many of the changes were selected more than once, but this is not indicated for cases where the coefficients of the predictor had the same sign every time it was selected. The sign, + or - by the grid point indicates the sign of the coefficient of that predictor in the forecast equations.

Figure 3a indicates that in general rises to the south or east and falls to the north and west are associated with northward movement. One exception (also noted in the NHC-64 equations) is a tendency for northward motion to be associated with rises over the extreme northwest portion of the grid and falls along the northeast portion. Both probably indicate the progression of short waves in the westerlies across the northern portion of the grid, and that the passage of the wave normally has the effect of accelerating the center northward. The tendency for northward motion to be associated with rises over the north central part of the grid is somewhat anomalous,

and is perhaps a reflection of the height change pattern associated with storms moving on a northwestward track.

Figure 3b shows the changes selected for forecasting westward motion. There is nothing unexpected in this figure, since there is a tendency for westward motion to be associated with rises to the north of the center and falls to the south, while falls to the north and rises to the south are related to eastward motion.

The heights (in addition to those used in making geostrophic computations) selected as predictors in the equations for forecasting northward motion are listed in figure 4a, and those for forecasting westward motion in figure 4b. These confirm the earlier conclusion that northward motion is associated with above normal heights to the east, or well to the west of the center, and with below normal heights just north and west of the center. Southward or below normal northward progression would be associated with above normal heights to the north and west of the center, or with below normal heights several

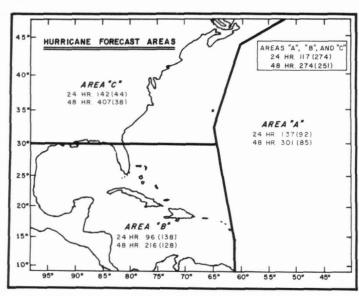


FIGURE 5.—A 4-yr. average of NHC-64 forecast errors (n.mi.). Numbers in parentheses indicate sample size.

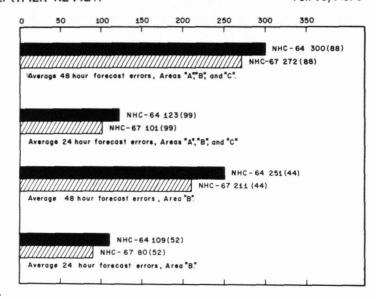


FIGURE 6.—A 2-yr. comparison between NHC-64 and NHC-67 forecast errors (n.mi.) by areas. Numbers in parentheses indicate sample size.

hundred miles to the west. Figure 4b shows that westward motion is associated with above normal heights to the north and west, while eastward movement should be expected if heights are below normal to the north or west of the center.

4. VERIFICATION OF SOME HURRICANE FORECASTS

The NHC-64 forecast equations have now been in operational use for 4 yr. Figure 5 shows a summary of the average forecast errors 1 by geographical areas. The equations have continued to produce forecasts of about the same order of accuracy indicated in the earlier report by Miller and Chase [2]. For example the overall average errors are 117 n.mi. for a 24-hr. forecast and 274 n.mi. for a 48-hr. forecast, compared with the 2-yr. averages of 109 n.mi. and 261 n.mi. In area "B" the averages for 4 yr. of operations are 96 and 216 n.mi., compared to the 2-yr. averages of 81 and 187 n.mi. reported in the previous paper. These numbers indicate that the equations are relatively stable. Much of the increase in the forecast errors is due to a few erratically moving hurricanes, e.g. Inez (1966) and Doria (1967).

Figure 6 shows a comparison between the errors in the forecasts prepared by the NHC-64 and the NHC-67 sets of equations. This is a homogenous comparison based on 1966 and 1967 data. The 1967 forecasts were operational forecasts, and the 1966 forecasts were prepared from independent data used to prepare the operational NHC-64 forecasts. The improvement appears to be significant. For example the 48-hr. errors in area "B" were reduced from 251 to 211 n.mi., while the 24-hr. forecasts were reduced from 109 to 80 n.mi. For all areas

Figure 7.—A 2-yr. comparison between NHC-67 forecast errors (n.mi.) made by preliminary and final regression equations. Number in parentheses indicate sample size.

the 24-hr. errors were reduced from 123 n.mi. to 101 n.mi. (for a total of 99 forecasts).

The question as to whether or not the stratification and rescreening described in section 3 actually improved the final forecasts may logically arise. To answer this question the forecasts for the 2 independent yr. (1966–67) were prepared in both ways. The forecasts were prepared by use of the preliminary equations only, and these have been compared with the forecasts made by the various sets of optional equations listed in tables 2 and 3. The comparisons are shown in figure 7. Only those cases when one of the alternate choices was made are considered, i.e. the forecasts compared are homogenous.

Average 48-hour forecast errors, "A", "B", and "C"

PRELIMINARY 291(47)

FINAL 250 (47)

PRELIMINARY 256 (27)

Average 48-hour forecast errors, Area "B"

PRELIMINARY 117 (51)

Average 24-hour forecast errors, "A", "B", and "C"

PRELIMINARY 106 (30)

Average 24-hour forecast errors, Area "B"

¹ Hurricane Heidi occurred after figures 5-8 were prepared, and errors for this storm are not included in this paper.

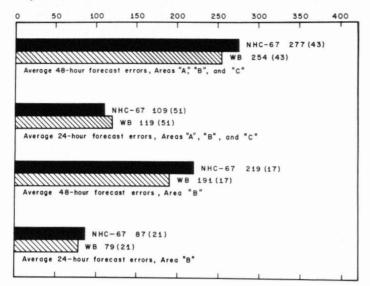


Figure 8.—A 1-yr. comparison between operational NHC-67 and official Weather Bureau forecast errors (n.mi.). Numbers in parentheses indicate sample size.

In all areas the average error in the final forecasts are smaller than the preliminary errors. The averaged 24-hr. errors for 51 cases for all areas was 121 n.mi. for the preliminary and 90 n.mi. for the final forecasts. In area "B" the averages were 106 n.mi. and 79 n.mi., respectively, for 30 cases. For 48-hr. forecasts the average errors (47 cases) for all areas were 299 n.mi. for the preliminary and 250 n.mi. for the final forecasts. In area "B", the averages were 256 n.mi. and 210 n.mi. for 27 cases. These numbers seem to substantiate the validity of the method used in the stratification of the developmental data.

Prior to the 1967 hurricane season, the official Weather Bureau forecasts were prepared to verify at advisory times, i.e. at 0400 gmt and at 6-hr. intervals thereafter. This made it difficult to compare the official forecasts with the objective forecasts, since the latter have always been prepared to verify at synoptic times, usually 0000 gmt and 1200 gmt only. In 1967 the Weather Bureau began to issue forecasts with the verifying time coinciding with the synoptic times. This has permitted a direct comparison of the official forecasts with the objective forecasts. One such comparison between the official forecast and the NHC-67 forecasts is presented in figure 8. This is a homogenous comparison based on all available NHC-67 forecasts prepared operationally during the 1967 season.

For a 24-hr. forecast (51 cases) for all areas, the NHC-67 average error was 109 n.mi., where the official error was 119 n.mi. For area "B", however, the official average was smaller (21 cases) being 79 n.mi. against 87 n.mi. for the NHC-67. For 48-hr. forecasts the average errors for the official forecasts were smaller in area "B" considered alone and when all areas were combined. However, in many cases the forecasters prepared the official forecast after seeing that made by the NHC-67 system.

5. SOME REMAINING PROBLEMS

While the NHC-64 equations continue to perform well after 4 yr. of operational use, and while the NHC-67 version seems to be a slight improvement over the earlier set, experience gained from the use of these methods has indicated some remaining problems. Unfortunately, however, this experience does not point to an obvious solution of the problems, and it is in fact problematical if the data situation and the nature of the statistical process will permit any great additional increase in the accuracy of such forecast techniques as the NHC-64 and NHC-67 equations. However, NHRL and NHC will continue efforts to improve these methods (while at the same time attempting to develop more satisfying dynamical hurricane prediction models), and perhaps a statement of some of the problems is in order here.

In a statistical climatological sense, to make a 48-hr. forecast it is necessary to consider data more than 2,000 mi. away from the center of the hurricane. This is indicated by figures 3 and 4. It occasionally happens that the circulation so far away has no effect on the motion of the hurricane during the 48-hr. forecast period. This happens when a series of short waves with small amplitude are moving rapidly in a predominantly strong zonal flow separated from the hurricane by a narrow ridge. In such cases too much northward motion, or a too rapid recurvature of the center may be forecast.

Another situation in which the statistical forecast systems do not do well occurs when the circulation patterns over the grid do not evolve in a normal manner (in a statistical sense), as for example, when a quasistationary blocking ridge is present to the north or northeast of the hurricane. This prevents the normal progression of troughs and ridges (which the statistical forecast system must consider), and an inferior forecast can result. In such cases, unfortunately, it is difficult to anticipate in what sense the forecast may be in error.

Another difficulty occurs when a small hurricane is located near or south of 15.0°N. lat. In some (but not all) of these cases, the statistical techniques tend to forecast too much northward motion as the small cyclone may not be able to break through a narrow ridge to the north. Some suggested means for correcting this deficiency are to stratify the dependent data on the basis of storm size, or derive a set of equations for storms south of 20.0°N., but it is doubtful if there are enough cases to permit any meaningful sample size. An objection to these suggestions is the fact that frequently the impulse which eventually leads to the hurricane breaking through a subtropical ridge originates in the middle latitude westerlies and not at low latitudes. Finally, problems have arisen due to the use of actual values of the heights of the constant pressure surfaces as predictors. During the latter part of the hurricane season, the heights may depart significantly from the seasonal normal, particularly over the northern portions of the grid. Perhaps more

effective use could be made of departures from normal. It may also be desirable to develop a forecast system based on prognostic data as suggested by Veigas [5]. This possibility is being investigated.

While there are no immediate and obvious solutions to these problems, the authors believe that an awareness of the possible deficiencies in the NHC-64 and NHC-67 systems will enable the hurricane forecaster to derive maximum usefulness from the objective aids.

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